NATIONAL WEEKLY

Social Justice

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HOW WALL STREET WROTE DRAFT BILL

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COMMENT ON WORLD EVENTS ★ AT WAR IN SIX MONTHS! ★ THE LINDBERGHS OPPOSED TWO U.S. WARS

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Dinner Chat

THE EXTENSIVE reading which the staff of SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine has to carry on each week, in order to comment honestly upon the fast-shifting world scene, is rewarded very often by some encouraging finds.

For example, there lies before this writer on the editorial desk two clippings from popular syndicated columns, whose authors recently gave their followers some rather inspiring moral sermons.

We refer specifically to Mr. Paul Mallon, the "news-behind-the-news" reporter, and to Mr. David Lawrence, editor of the *United States News*.

* * *

Don't Blame God

Said Mr. Mallon:

"The question I hear most frequently raised in conversation and in mail is how God could let this war go on.

"It seems to me," observes Mr. Mallon, "this is one thing man cannot blame on God. War is wholly man's invention.

"The inhumanity and unfairness of man to man accumulate through the years, becoming the injustices of groups against groups, States against States, until they can no longer be contained within the bounds of reasonable adjustment—until they inspire the murderous effort to correct them by force.

"This war has its obvious roots 22 years ago in the injustices of the first World War and its unfair peace. But that war, in turn, had its roots in the Franco-Prussian war and peace. Then back, the same line of injustice runs directly into the Napoleonic wars and beyond into the obscure ages of history, which are traceable only to the incapacity of humans to administer justly their affairs with their neighbors.

"Each war is fought to correct the injustices of the previous war, but in every case the peace brings only fresh injustices to inspire another later war . . .

"Injustice is not a trait peculiar to a particular system or a particular people. It is not racial or sectarian.

"But you may ask: Is it not too much to ask a man to be just?

"If it is, there will always be wars, greater and greater murders, and greater injustices. No man-made systems, like Leagues of Nations, will ever stop them.

"But they will be stopped, or at least obstructed, some day. I am sure of it.

"The futility of this vicious cycle of the world is becoming understood and appreciated by a greater number of people. As soon as a sufficient number of them arise and demand the type of justice and leadership which would terminate the cycle, that type of leader will appear."

Religion Is Our Greatest Need

Said Mr. Lawrence:

"There will be little dissent from the proposition that spiritual force can be a potent element in solving social, political and economic problems. But what the average bystander will ask is:

" 'Why, with so many champions of the doctrine, are there so few in America ready to practice the preachment?'

". . . Something far more important must come first before the spiritual forces of America can or will be mobilized — *the spiritual change within individuals.*

"Not until each and every one of us feels the impact of spiritual achievement, not until the eagerness to serve God is stronger than the eagerness to serve ourselves, not until we are ready to make sacrifices of time and money and power and pride for the sake of others who need our help and our guidance, will we begin to understand the elemental transformation which is prerequisite to the spiritual rebirth of a nation . . .

"The simple attributes that have come down to us from the earliest times—unselfishness, honesty, purity and love—remain the four foundation stones of all religious thinking, irrespective of creed. But not one of these four things is associated often enough with the spade work that must precede a spiritual revival.

"Men are willing to applaud the idea of restoring religion to its rightful place in the life of a community and a nation, and yet are unwilling to admit that only by individual regeneration — *meaning one's self as well as the other fellow*—can there be an understanding of what must come first before a city, a nation or a world catches anew the spirit of religion."

16 PRINCIPLES OF SOCIAL JUSTICE

Liberty of conscience and education.

Just living annual wage.

Nationalization of important public resources.

Private ownership of all other property.

Control of private property for public good.

Abolition of Federal Reserve Banking System and establishment of a Government-owned Central Bank.

Restoration to Congress of its sole right to coin and regulate the value of money.

Cost of living maintained on an even keel.

Cost of production plus a fair profit for the farmer.

Labor's right to organize.

Recall of non-productive bonds.

Abolition of tax-exempt bonds.

Broadened base of taxation on basis of ownership and capacity to pay.

Simplification of Government and lower taxes.

Conscription of wealth as well as men in event of war.

Sanctity of human rights preferred to sanctity of property with Government's chief concern for the poor.

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Pete Wants Some Letters

HELLO, FOLKS:

Th' way time whips 'round it seems like y're always on a merry-go-round 'r somethin'. Here it is—August 19th already! Seems like I jus' hadda visut with y'folks an hour 'r so ago, 'n here I am back on y'r front porch again, 'n not with much news, I'm sorry t' say.

I haven't seen an awful lot uv Pal lately, so my bes' source uv infermashun was kinda cut off. As I told y', he's been kept pretty busy bein' a sort uv a host t' th' vizaturs at th' Shrine lately, 'n hasn't been abul t' get away hardly at all.

I did get up t' my offuce, though, a cuppla time t' see how things were comin' along. A circulation manager hasta circulate once in a while, they say — so on one uv our cool days I hied myself up th' road a bit t' look th' situashun over.

I was glad t' find ev'rything runnin' smoothly—typewriters clickin' 'n ev'rybuddy lookin' quite business-like 'n efishunt, what with files 'n letters 'n books 'n mysterious lookin' stuff all around.

There was May Schulte at her desk, lookin' 's pretty's a pikchur, 'n annuther girl, too, whose name is Catherine 'n who always look's like she jus' stepped outta shower she glissens so, 'n ever has a hair outa place. She took time out t' pat me on th' head 'n say hello 'n then got right back on th' job. In spite uv her effishuncy she couldn't resist my charms (ahem) 'cause she's quite a dog-lover. I unnerstand she's gotta nice little cocker-spaniel named Lady 'n she's quite-quite, so t' speak. Catherine is her mommy, 'n she loves her almos' t' death. Why I've been tol' when Catherine goes away on a vakashun she writes letters to her puppy, 'n not only that, but Lady writes t' her, too. Isn't that cute?

I wish I'd get some letters once in awhile from you, my frien's. Y're th' only ones I c'n get 'em from, 'cause I never go away, 'n neither do my mother 'n father, so I couldn't 'spect t' get enny from them, could I? It'd be silly f'r me t' write t' them 'r f'r them t' write t' me when we're t'gether all day long. 'Sides, I'd like t'know whats goin on in th' diffrunt places in th' country.

Y'know y' can't b'leeve what y' read in th 'papers haf th' time, 'n th' radio jus' blats out war news 'r swing music—which we're not allowed t' hear much uv. Mrs. Coughlin ses she doesn't wanna be skared t' death with th' howlin' 'n tom-tom beatin' they call music nowadays. She ses it makes her think th' savugus'r loose again—head-hunters 'n stuff, I guess. So y' c'n see, I mus' rely praktikly entirely on word-uv-mouth contakt f'r whatever inf'rmashun I get.

Pal does pretty good, but even at that, he's justa small-town dog. 'Course a pretty good porshun uv th' world comes t' see him, but y' know y' can't get around t' havin' a good talk 'bout sensuble things in just few minnits. Mos' peepul jus' pat him on th' head 'n oh 'n ah over him 'n tell him t' take good care uf his Boss 'n things like that.

Th' only reel news he gets is what he c'n manuge t' overhear. Sometimes that's th' best kinda news, eh? Y'c'n learn a lot, Pal ses, by keepin' still 'n lettin' th' other fella do th' talkin' 'r by jus' walkin around, lookin' indiffrunt-like t' all around y'. But reely, folks, I'd get a big kick outta hearin' from y' once in awhile tellin' me uv y're travuls 'n diffrunt in-t'restin' things that happen t' y. Maybe we could publish some uv 'em, if th' editor would let us. I'll speek t' him 'n promote th' idea.

Oh, oh, I've gotta go! Times up f'r this week. Well, I'll be off, but I'll see y' again if all goes well.

Don't f'rget, now. I'd 'preshiate hearin' from y'folks. Course, if y' wanna send along a new subskripshun 'r somethin' like that, when y' write, I won't objekt. That would be somethin' like frostin' on a cake to have a subskripshun enclosed with y'r letter.

Well, I'll skip along now. See y' later!

Pete.

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Comment

Senators Holt and Minton

Their Fight and the Reason Behind It

THE PRESS of the nation enjoyed a Roman holiday by emphasizing the words "liar," "rat," "slacker," and other such endearing terms employed upon the Senate floor during the spirited colloquy between Senators Holt and Minton.

But the press did not tell the inside story.

The press did not tell why Senator Minton lost his temper and used a barnyard vocabulary.

The press did not tell how Senator Holt unveiled the hidden mystery of the *Conscription Bill*.

It was this unveiling that upset Senator Minton. And had the Indiana solon better sense he would have kept his tongue in his cheek.

The nub of the whole matter is this: The *Conscription Bill* was thought up at the Harvard Club by a group of stuffed-shirted, plutocratic politicians — we mean the type of politicians who pull the strings for little Punch and Judies like Minton and Barkley to dance to.

Let Senator Holt tell the story as is found in the *Congressional Record* of August 6th, if you care to read it in full. Or if you are satisfied to take our resume of it, here it is.

* * *

The conscription drive was started at the Harvard Club in New York City. Present was Mr. Grenville Clark of the law firm of Root, Clark, Buckner and Ballantine.

It was he, according to Senator Holt, who actually wrote the original conscription bill.

According to an Associated Press dispatch of July 1, 1937, Mrs. Grenville Clark saved $90,000 in taxes in one year through the use of 16 trusts.

The Clarks' trusts were established by Mr. and Mrs. Clark and were operated so that during the 1936 tax year each of their three children was the beneficiary of five separate trusts.

"Mr. Clark and the Fiduciary Trust Company are the trustees of each trust."

Thus we are introduced to the man who wrote the *Conscription Bill* — a man who refused to have his dollars conscripted but is anxious to have the sons of America conscripted to save his dollars.

As Senator Holt remarked, it is "Communism" when one tries to conscript dollars, but it is "holy democracy" when one conscripts cannon fodder to save dollars.

* * *

Who else was at the Harvard Club meeting?

There was General John F. O'Ryan, according to Senator Holt's statement.

Previous to our entrance into the last war General O'Ryan said (believe it or not):

"The first thing that must be done is to destroy all initiative, and that with the training fits men to be soldiers . . .

"The recruit does not know how to carry out orders. His mental state differs from that of the trained soldier who obeys mechanically. We must get our men so that they are machines.

"We have to have our men trained so that the influence of fear is overpowered by the peril of an uncompromising military system often backed up by a pistol in the hands of an officer

"The recruits have got to put their heads into the military noose. They have got to be jacked up. They have got to be bawled out."

Most likely the materialistic-minded General has not changed his opinions since 1917.

He is still anxious to destroy all initiative in the mind of your son; or to put his head in the noose!

If he is logical, he will be anxious to totalitarianize America.

At any rate he is anxious to have our boys get into the war — any war — for the sake of militarizing America.

* * *

Who else was there, at the Harvard Club?

Henry L. Stimson. No conscription meeting would be complete unless "Light Horse" Harry was there.

And, if you recall, SOCIAL JUSTICE printed a story about Henry Stimson's recent connections with Kuhn, Loeb and Company.

Who else was there — at the Harvard Club over which the spirit of Felix Frankfurter and the hot dogs of radicalism persist in hovering?

None else than Robert P. Patterson who is now the assistant Secretary of War.

And who else graced that meeting with their presence?

Elihu Root, Jr. — a member of the Clark law firm.

Then there was Julius Ochs Adler, general manager of the *New York Times*, the pro-British, pro-Jewish bible of journalism.

Mr. Adler, according to Senator Holt, is a man who holds stock in corporations in countries now at war.

Does he want to protect his investments?

Then there was Mr. K. P. Budd — a director of the North British and Mercantile Insurance Co., with headquarters in London.

Add the name of Mr. J. B. Taylor, Jr., which the *Congressional Record* links up with those who have money invested in aircraft and aviation corporations.

Also present was Mr. F. M. Weld, a director of the Baldwin Locomotive Works which will make millions out of this impending war

Brig. Gen. Benedict Crowell was there. He was the Assistant Secretary of War and Director of Munitions during the World War

* * *

These men met on the 22nd day of May and set in motion this drive for conscripting the youth of the nation.

There were no farmers present.

There were no laborers present.

There were no mothers present.

There were no peace-loving Americans present.

Present only were the scions of wealth, the directors of propaganda and the hard-boiled minions of Mars who, according to Senator Holt, represented the international banking firms — all of them save one.

On the 23rd day of May they went back to the same club and passed a resolution for "aid to the Allies short of war."

On the 3rd day of June they met again. They met to raise money.

They met to raise a quarter of a million dollars, according to Senator Holt (who puts his assertion in the form of a question) to drive a conscription bill through the Congress of the United States.

One quarter of a million dollars to pay for propaganda.

One quarter of a million dollars to conscript the boys of America. And that is patriotism!

Present were a hoity-toity group of men interested in foreign investments.

Some of them directors of abrasive companies, of rubber companies, of wire companies. Yes, wire companies! The kind of wire over which your sons will squirm and writhe when their stomachs are torn open by bombs.

And more directors were on the job. Men representing iron ore and furnace companies; men representing oil corporations, tool corporations.

Long live the Harvard Club!

* * *

Senator Holt says of these wisemen from the East:

"They are the same individuals who are advocating today an act of war in the sale of destroyers. I gave the names of some of the individuals who helped finance the advertising campaign before the recent conventions. We found international bankers of Kuhn, Loeb & Co.

"I received a telegram from Mr. Thomas,

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Comment

(Continued from Page 3)

of Lehman Bros., this morning, who helped finance the advertising toward our involvement in war, asking me to go along and support the sending of destroyers to England. Director of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., director of Lehman Bros., director of J. Pierpont Morgan & Co., director of the Guaranty Trust Co., and others have been named. Every single, solitary large international banking house in New York is represented on one of these committees, either financially or otherwise, except one.

"The call for conscription did not come from the farms of America — and the farms of America are just as patriotic as any other place in America. If the farmers felt we were in need of this, they would be for it. It did not come from Main Street of America. Give me a boy on Main Street, and I will show you a boy who will fight just as much as the boy who is reared on Wall Street.

"The call for conscription came from this international crowd which tried to get us into the League of Nations, which tried to get us into the World Court, and have gradually tried to push us into involvement in international affairs abroad. I intend to discuss that longer at a later time. *I intend to let the people of America have the facts, and let them know who is writing these bills and who is pushing them.*

* * *

"At times we see in the London newspapers what will happen in the United States," continued Senator Holt. "Then a few weeks later we find the story in New York City; then next we find a bill introduced in the Congress of the United States. It is almost uncanny to study the predictions which have come out of the magazines of London as to what America was going to do. I intend to read those to the Senate, and show what they said was going to be done. No greater prophet ever lived in history than the prophets of the London magazines, who have told what America is going to do as to involvement in this war — and those papers are not written for America; they are written for the English public, and the individuals do not get the facts.

"Such papers as the *New York Times*, controlled by Mr. Adler, who has been howling regimentation, never say a word in behalf of anything to which they are opposed, but try to mislead the people, as they tried to create the impression last week that conscription was already through. Individuals have said to me, 'I intended to write you a letter, but I heard Mr. Kaltenborn on the radio, and he said conscription was through, that there was no need to write.'

"That is part of the program to put America to sleep, so that the people will think there is no opposition! But so long as Americanism is present in Congress, there will be opposition to this alien doctrine of conscription, and the conscription program, which did not come from America, but came from foreign shores, and was incubated in the banks and law firms of New York City on Wall Street."

* * *

The "birth of a nation" would be a piker picture compared to the birth of America totalitarianized.

You who have read this article now know who are behind the *Conscription Bill;* who are behind the propaganda for war; who are behind the destruction of Americanism.

What do you plan to do about it?

Will you be afraid to speak out lest you be called a "fifth columnist?"

Or, will you decide to keep silence and let the John Bull fifth columnist lead us to destruction?

No wonder Senator Minton used Billingsgate, barnyard language in his rebuttal to Senator Holt!

Senator Minton's mind was as empty of valid arguments as is a sucked egg shell.

Perhaps Senator Holt's father *was* against the first World War. If he was, more power to him!

If Senator Minton's father was *for* the first World War, that does not stand for his credit.

* * *

Betrayal?

THIS STORY deserves retelling; for, possibly, it has slipped the attention of millions of Americans.

It is a story from which some might conclude that we are at actual war on the side of Great Britain through the benefit of some secret agreement.

It is a story from which one might conclude that the high officials in the United States Government either do not give one tinker's dam for the laws of this country, or are ignorant of their existence.

It is a story, coming on the heels of a plea for national defense, from which some might conclude that we are more interested in defending Britain than we are in defending the United States.

It is a story upon which the New Deal promotors and supporters might well ponder before they commit themselves further in upholding a political party in power.

Here it is:

The incumbent American Government, according to rumor, made a deal with the British Admiralty to negotiate the transfer of some obsolete destroyers to Britain.

It was the same kind of a deal, according to report, which the New Deal Government had been making for our so-called obsolete airplanes and guns, having declared them as "surplus" equipment, when every person knew that we had not sufficient equipment for 75,000 soldiers.

Eventually, an investigation of the rumor got under way.

The Navy Department did not help much to bring out the truth.

However, the Senate Committee on Naval Affairs, presided over by Senator David I. Walsh of Massachusetts, found itself questioning a Navy officer on this subject.

The officer was asked what he knew about it.

He replied that "nothing had been done about releasing destroyers."

In these quoted words a categorical denial from a high officer was made.

Ordinarily that denial would be sufficient to scotch the rumor.

Nevertheless, the Senate Committee on Naval Affairs was not satisfied. They agreed to address a letter to the President of the United States asking him to state categorically what property of the United States Navy, surplus or otherwise, had been disposed of.

Before the letter was sent to the President, the Acting Secretary of the Navy telephoned the Chairman of the Senate Committee on Naval Affairs and admitted to him that 11 motor torpedo boats and 12 motor submarine chasers — 23 vessels in all — had been disposed of.

The rumor was confirmed by this unblushing admission.

At this juncture we recall that the President, on a former occasion, had told the American people in a national broadcast that he would keep them informed.

But let us forget that promise. It was only a Roosevelt promise.

Now, it appears that when the naval officer who uttered the categorical denial referred to above, returned to his department, he told his superiors that the representatives of the people of the United States were getting wise to the under-cover activities which the executive departments were perpetrating.

And so the telephone call.

Following this the Senate Committee on Naval Affairs asked Lewis Compton, the Acting Secretary of the Navy, to appear before the Committee and submit to questioning.

Mr. Compton was asked by what authority this fleet of American warships was handed over to Great Britain.

He was asked by what logic this fleet could be called a "surplus" fleet, or an obsolete fleet even when it was in the process of being built.

Lewis Compton hung his head. His speech faltered.

Knowing that the cat was out of the bag, he admitted that the fleet was not obsolete but that the Navy Department "could change its mind."

The chairman of the Committee then asked if Mr. Compton made this transfer by his own authority. The Under-Secretary of the Navy said it had been done entirely on his own responsibility.

Immediately news of this admission got to the President's ears. To save the situation from further embarrassing disclosures, Mr. Roosevelt contradicted Mr. Compton, saying that he, the President of the United States, had been fully and directly responsible for the transfer.

Thus Mr. Roosevelt, either in ignorance of the laws of the United States, or not giving a tinker's dam for them, stands before the public.

And what is the law covering this point? It was read in the House of Representatives by Mr. Case of South Dakota.

It is found in *Chapter 30, Title V, 3, 40 Stat. 222.* It is a law which has been in effect since 1917. It reads thus: It is unlawful "during a war in which the United States is a neutral nation to send out of the jurisdiction of the United States any vessel built, armed or equipped as a vessel of war . . . with any intent or under any agreement or contract, written or oral, that such vessel shall be delivered to a belligerent nation."

And the law goes on to say that if it is broken, the breaker shall suffer a fine or imprisonment or both.

There stands Mr. Roosevelt in the spotlight which he himself has created.

He can juggle the word "obsolete."

He can conjure with the words "national defense."

There, however, is one instance where the key of his golden oratory can not open the lock of a closed incident.

And if these vessels were obsolete as Mr. Compton tried to say they were, let us remember that they were built and constructed under President Roosevelt. Perhaps that admission is even more significant when we arrive at the conclusion that the ships which he builds are not efficient when they are built to compete with better grade ships.

That is the man into whose hands we are about to entrust the building of a two-sea navy.

When the two-sea navy will have been built, will the Secretary of the Navy perchance be forced to admit that it is an obsolete, inefficient hunk of junk?

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Comment

Unpreparedness

IF ANY person wants to find out the extent of our unpreparedness, let him study the West Coast picture.

According to Jerry D. Lewis, writing in *Liberty Magazine*: "The Pacific Division of the United States Navy would be of no more worth to this country in the event of a war with Japan than a handful of buckshot would be to an army otherwise bereft of ammunition."

Year after year California, Washington and Oregon have tried to pass legislation to keep the Japanese fishing fleet from competing unfairly with the American fishing fleet.

The State Legislatures persistently have favored the Japanese in this instance.

And approximately 250 Japanese fishing boats — extraordinary fishing boats — use the West Coast as a home harbor. And what about these fishing boats?

Jerry Lewis says: "Those fishing boats are all the same size, about 120 feet long. They are all powered with Diesel engines, equipped with wireless and two-way radio sets, and boast a winch that will lift about three tons.

"It is also a rare coincidence that the bait box, when emptied, *is the exact size of two torpedoes, and each box on board, now used for holding fish, is the exact size of a mine!*

"Those 250 boats aren't here to act as fishing boats—they are actually the world's fastest and best torpedo and mine-laying outfits afloat. And the transformation from tuna clipper to torpedo boat can be accomplished on the high sea in less than four hours."

He continues with the following:

"Those tuna clippers could be instrumental in delaying the departure of the United States fleet from the Pacific Coast for a period of from sixty days to six months. That is not a personal pipe dream but actual fact. By following the fleet and by spying on supposedly secret maneuvers, the Japanese have in their possession every ship-to-ship signal we have. If they cannot decipher a code, they try to bribe a United States naval officer to sell his code book, or any secret he may have. At this moment there are three former officers in jail in Los Angeles who have been convicted for having sold such information.

"Japanese immigration into California is going on at an appalling rate, this despite the fact that the yellow race is excluded from these shores under our present immigration laws. How do they get in? Here's the full and complete method, told in public for the first time:

"A boatload of Japanese comes across the Pacific to the United States. They land at Los Angeles, and a bond is posted that they will not remain in this country for more than sixty days. The bond is posted by a cannery. The Japs are then piled into buses and taken to Rosarita Beach, in Mexico. As they are crossing the border at Tijuana, their bond is returned.

"Shortly after arriving at Rosarita Beach, they are signed onto one of the tuna clippers as alien seamen. Now, under the present laws, all an alien seaman need do is show his alien seaman's card to the pier inspector when a foreign boat lands. He is then allowed to go on shore, and is morally bound to ship out again within the stipulated time. But he signs nothing, and no method of checking is available to see whether or not he ever leaves the country.

"Why not, Madam Perkins, why not? Didn't you ever hear of the fifth column?"

It will be worthwhile reading this article in full as it appeared in the August 10th edition of *Liberty*.

Information Please!

A western paper asks:
"Who nominated Hitler?
"Hitler.
"Who nominated Mussolini?
"Mussolini.
"Who nominated Stalin?
"Stalin.
"Who nominated Roosevelt?
"Roosevelt.
"Who are we to be bragging about 'democracy'?
"Who, indeed."

Asia for the Asiatics

"AMERICA for the Americans" is a policy with which few patriots disagree.

By the same logic, "Asia for the Asiatics" should be a good policy.

At this writing, the Japanese navy is moving troops into strategic positions for the purpose of ousting Britain from parts of Asia.

Our attitude towards Japan has been that of a chip on a shoulder.

Persistently, we have referred to them as "the little yellow men."

In a holier-than-thou attitude we sneered them down as pagans.

And now Japan is coming into her own.

We can be friendly with Japan. We can trade with Japan. We can be at peace with Japan.

But none of these things can be as long as we choose to be the bootblacks for John Bull, who has grown fat by gouging himself with the wealth of the Orient.

Japan does not expect us to hate Britain or to fight against Britain.

All Japan expects from us is to be neutral — which we are not, despite all laws on our statute books to the contrary.

Because we are not neutral and, therefore, because we are in league with the exploiter of the Orient, it is possible that we will have to suffer as Britain will suffer.

All this leads to the conclusion that we must oust from Washington those responsible for our foreign policy — our bootblack policy.

Associated with all this is an editorial printed in the *New York Daily News* which was re-printed in the *Washington Times-Herald*.

It reads as follows:

"The new Japanese cabinet, headed by Premier Fumimaro Konoye, plans to make Japan even more of a totalitarian state than it has been. More significant than that for the rest of the world, the Konoye government is mapping out some Japanese expansion which it hopes will cost Japan less and profit it more than the war in China has done up to now.

"French Indo-China is on the list of properties which Prince Konoye hopes to pick up for Japan. So are the Dutch East Indies. So, apparently, is British-owned Hong Kong; and it would surprise few people if the American-owned Philippine Islands should turn out to be on that same list.

"There are rich pickings in the Orient for a strong, aggressive nation like Japan when the Western world has a major war going on. Prince Konoye doesn't intend that the grass shall grow under Japan's feet while the white folks bleed themselves still whiter. The whole structure which he plans is to go by the resounding name of 'The New Order for Greater East Asia.'

"What puzzles us is why so many Americans are so worried by the prospect of these changes.

"We can't see any reason for moral indignation over Japan's expected seizure of the lands above named. The Dutch never exercised democracy in the Dutch East Indies. They exploited those rich lands and their easy-going natives methodically and thoroughly.

"Certainly the French didn't bring the blessings of democracy to Indo-China. They farmed and mined it just as the Dutch did the East Indies. Britishers in Hong Kong have never been famed for a chummy, democratic attitude toward the Chinese. When you come right down to it, our efforts to bring democracy to the Philippines have been pretty much blocked by the Filipinos' own dislike of us and all our ways.

"If these territories should be taken over by the Japanese, it would only mean a change of bosses for their inhabitants, most of whom probably wouldn't care, and probably would be neither better nor worse off after the seizure.

"It is also argued that if Japan takes the Dutch East Indies we'll be out of luck for the 600,000 long tons of rubber which we consume annually. Japan is expected to cut us off from this vital supply, and also from the tin and quinine which we import from the East Indies.

"That is nonsense. We are sometimes foolish enough to cut off good customers because we don't like their politics, but Japan isn't. If we play ball with Japan, Japan will play ball with us, commercially, at least. Japan always has. For decades, Japan has been a better customer of ours than China, has bought more from us and has sold us more.

"If the East Indies rubber is cut off from us it will be because our Government refuses to recognize changes on the map; insists on hanging to the status quo though the heavens fall, or though Americans have to go to great expense to build up a synthetic-rubber industry.

"We'd better get realistic about such things as Japan's rise to overlordship of the East.

"If we don't we'll commit ourselves to a policy of combating changes on the map wherever they occur — combating them by protest notes, trade embargoes, or actual warfare. That will mean that one of the world's greatest and richest nations will be working unceasingly to cripple the flow of trade around the world and dam back needed goods from the areas that need them.

"Such a policy may be as righteous as the late Woodrow Wilson. But its practical effect will be to keep prices higher than they should be and world living standards lower than they need be.

"Let's build up our Army to 1-million mechanic-sergeants, 50,000 planes, and 100,000 pilots; let the Philippines go if Japan makes a pass at them; and mind our own business — meaning our own dollars-and-cents business as well as our own political business."

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NATIONAL WEEKLY

Social Justice

Founded 1936 by Father Coughlin

Published by The Social Justice Publishing Co.

Fifth Column

IN SPAIN, the phrase "fifth column" was identified with the Christians who banded together to rescue Barcelona from the Communists.

In America, the words "fifth column" are identified with the Communists who are banded together to wrest America from Americans.

There are Communists in our Federal Government.

The Dies Committee is authority for that information.

There is the Communist political party whose name is on our ballots.

That is public information.

There are millions of Communist sympathizers and supporters who refuse to condemn Communism although they are loud in condemning Naziism.

If fifth columnism must be destroyed in the United States, let us begin at the top. How stupid it is to be tracking down the small fry when the big fish are well known.

Every political organization subject to foreign influence should be outlawed.

Any American citizen belonging to one, or to one of its affiliates should be prosecuted.

These are simply political decisions.

And Congress is competent to deal with them.

If the law is inadequate, it should be amended to cope with the situation. That many Nazi, Communist and British organizations exist and flourish is a brazen fact.

Let us clean them out.

But first of all let the Administration at Washington rid itself of the Communist and British stench which surrounds it and wipe its own hands!

Civil Service Commission

INFORMATION comes to us that some "insiders" are conspiring to sabotage the Civil Service Commission.

Co-operation is extended to the conspirators by outside politicians and certain labor leaders.

Senator Ellender of Louisiana has been carrying on an investigation these past few months attempting to ferret out favoritism as operative under the Civil Service.

If his investigation rings the bell, it will be the signal for President Roosevelt to take over the Civil Service Commission and make it a part of the New Deal.

Possibly, the Civil Service Commission will busy themselves to clean house before the entire Commission will have been abolished.

Pershing and Lindbergh

GEN. JOHN J. PERSHING, commander of the A.E.F. in the World War, says that "if a proper method can be found," the United States ought to transfer to Britain or Canada at least 50 of our "over-age" World War destroyers.

It is Gen. Pershing's argument that if there is anything we can do to help save the British fleet we should grant that aid on the ground that the Nazis must be beaten.

It is Gen. Pershing's argument that we can't exist in the same world with Nazi Germany because "a new kind of war is loose in the world . . . fought during what some of our countrymen call 'peacetime'." "It is," he says, "a war against the civilization that we know."

Gen. Pershing seems to be on the horns of a dilemma, observes W. K. Kelsey, the *Detroit News* "Commentator." "On the one hand, the question is that of protecting the United States and the Western Hemisphere from war — and for our own interests we should therefore contribute 50 ancient vessels. On the other, the matter is the far larger task of saving civilization — and he provides the same solution, 50 old destroyers.

"This seems to the Commentator mere quibbling. If Gen. Pershing is correct, the proper procedure is not to send 50 over-age destroyers to assist the British fleet, but to declare war on Germany and throw our entire strength into the task of beating her!

"But to that, Gen. Pershing says no. We must let the British save civilization, giving them piece-meal help without weakening our home defenses. If the British lose, we must wait for the expected German attack, and fend it off if we can . . .

"Even according to the Pershing argument, that seems to the Commentator an ignominious position for this country to take.

* * *

"Turning to Col. Charles A. Lindbergh, we find him advocating that the United States stay out of the quarrels of Europe," continues Mr. Kelsey.

"Evidently he (Lindbergh) does not believe that civilization will fall in ruins if Germany wins. He is unable to identify the British cause with either civilization or Christianity. He believes that if the Nazis win, and Germany becomes the dominant nation in Europe, our problem will be neither to knock them off their perch, nor to defend the American Hemisphere against them, but to get along with them as best we can.

"It's all in the point of view.

"Gen. Pershing doesn't believe that the Nazis would stay out of the Americas; Col. Lindbergh thinks they would have to.

"Gen. Pershing believes that if the Nazis win, we are not safe from attack; Col. Lindbergh thinks that if they win, they will have their hands full in Europe for a long time, and he reflects that the Atlantic is still a broad ocean, and an invasion across it an insurmountable task, if the United States arms strongly.

"The Commentator inclines to the Lindbergh view, although he believes that *we are going to be sucked into this war, sooner or later, either under President Roosevelt or President Willkie.*"

Here, then, are the two viewpoints, and what seems to this department an able appraisal of them.

The views of SOCIAL JUSTICE have long been known to the nation. It is heartening to see the issue clarifying and public sentiment crystalizing in the rest of the country.

Third Term Tradition

BACKED to the wall in their defense of a third term for President Roosevelt, New Deal political fanatics now point with glee to one of George Washington's observations regarding presidential tenure.

"I can see no propriety," Washington wrote, "in precluding ourselves from the services of any man, who, *in some great emergency, shall be deemed, universally, most capable of serving the public.*"

There, say the New Dealers, is ample rebuttal for the "third term tradition" — including the sage advice of Thomas Jefferson, founder of the party whose name they bear but whose principles they have abandoned.

Gen. Washington spoke of "a great emergency."

But today's "emergency" is the one invented for the purpose of making Mr. Roosevelt "indispensible" to the country.

The "fear of invasion" is proclaimed to demand totalitarian power over the men and women of America.

Despite the counsels of George Washington regarding foreign entanglements — and in the face of our disastrous experience of 1917 — President Roosevelt's administration has taken the nation well on the way toward a repetition of that horrible mistake.

Therein lies today's "great emergency."

Washington's second reservation refers to a man "deemed, universally, most capable of serving the public."

The most ardent New Dealer will hardly suggest that the support for Candidate Roosevelt is "universal."

No President in decades has done more to arouse opposition from those who revere America's most sacred traditions and principles.

If the seven years' record had been one of unqualified success, and without failure, our break with tradition to elect a President in perpetuity would still be a serious matter.

But, frankly, there is no such record.

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Comment

3,000 Against Coughlin

THE *Daily Worker* (Communist) prints the following in one of its recent issues:

"Nearly 3,000 persons at Manhattan Center, 34th St. and Eighth Ave., last night, demanded that the Department of Justice take immediate steps to prosecute Father Coughlin and the 'Christian Front.' The meeting was called by the Jewish People's Committee with headquarters at 1133 Broadway. The resolution passed by the audience called for the prosecution of the fascist priest for unlawful use of the mails, filing false statements with the U.S. Post Office, and for 'inciting race hatred, anti-Semitism and racial bigotry.'

"The meeting opened with the singing of the *'Star Spangled Banner.'*

"Rabbi Moses Miller, chairman of the Jewish People's Committee, who presided, denounced the 'real fifth column' in America as those who seek to promote race hatred and bigotry

" 'If we seek to discover those who attempt to destroy democracy and the fundamental rights of the people,' he said, 'if we seek to discover the real fifth column—then let us seek not among the common people, among the toilers, but rather among those who preach race hatred, among those who despise the democratic way of life, among those who would attempt to destroy the unity of the people in order to further their own ends.'

"Coughlin, he declared, is a leader of these fifth column forces.

" 'He is an enemy not alone of the Jewish people, but of the trade union movement, of the youth movement, of democracy itself.'

"Miller then demanded that the administration at Washington act immediately to crush the menace of the 'Christian Front.'

' ' '

"Among the other speakers were Rev. Owen A. Knox, chairman of the Michigan Civil Rights Federation; Josephine Truslow Adams, chairman of the Pennsylvania Committee for People's Rights; Charles I. Stewart of the Descendants of the American Revolution; Jane Horie, executive secretary of the New York Committee of the American Youth Congress; Bertha Josselyn Ford, secretary of the National Emergency Conference for Democratic Rights; Hope R. Stevens, chairman of the New York Council of the National Negro Congress.

"Rev. Knox in his speech, pointed to the growth of Fascism in Germany. He declared that Fascism grew through dividing the people

" 'Anti - Semitism, anti - Catholicism or anti-unionism,' he said, 'must not be permitted to get a place of power in the U.S.

" 'The Department of Justice must act in a thorough investigation of the Christian Front. Father Coughlin, must either assume responsibility for the acts of violence of this organization, or must make him clear himself of all association with anti-Semitism and Fascist organizations and propaganda.'

"The meeting was called by the Committee to rally the people of New York to protest against the activities of Father Coughlin and the Christian Front which have grown increasingly menacing with the acquittal of its nine members in the recent terror trial.

"A heavy detail of police was on hand as a result of threats made by Coughlin in the columns of his paper, SOCIAL JUSTICE."

' ' '

Let us recognize that the Jewish People's Committee is a communistically dominated outfit.

Are these people inviting Father Coughlin to ask Americans to act against the Jewish Front?

If Father Coughlin does not call for this action, there is a possibility that plenty of Americans will demand it.

' ' '

Miss Perkins

MORE THAN 700 aliens guilty of deportable offenses against the laws of the United States have been exempted from deportation by Secretary of Labor Frances Perkins, according to charges made in Chicago by Donald Despain, vice president of the National Small Business Men's Association.

"It is amazing and shocking," says the association's report, quoted in the *New York Herald-Tribune*, "for American citizens to learn, while official Washington is calling upon the nation to prepare for defense against foreign enemies, while Congress is appropriating billions upon billions of dollars for national defense, and while both Congress and the Administration are considering conscription of the youth of America, that over the last five years an executive department of the Government has been exerting unusual efforts to protect and keep within our borders hundreds of deportable foreigners branded as criminals.

"Instead of deporting these aliens, Secretary Perkins devised elaborate methods to keep them permanently in the United States. They were advised to move temporarily to Mexico or Canada, there to request new incoming *visas*, which then were approved by the Labor Department, under special discretionary provisions of the immigration act of Feb. 5, 1917."

' ' '

Strong Words on Morgenthau

THE *Detroit News* said editorially that it seems quite probable that our Treasury Department has enlisted in the British Ministry of Economic Warfare.

If this is so, it should cause considerable worry to Americans.

But let *The Detroit News* speak for itself. The editorial reads as follows:

"Last Thursday President Roosevelt issued an executive order requiring specific licenses for all exports of petroleum, petroleum products and scrap iron. The Treasury admitted in response to questions that restrictions already had been placed on such exports to Japan and Spain.

"The same day it was made known in London the British government was extending its blockade to Spain, chiefly to ration Spanish petroleum imports so that none could reach Germany.

"The United Press bureau in London reported there was 'evidence' the British action was taken only after consultation with the United States. Specifically, the UP was informed, the United States Maritime Commission had promised 'arrangements' to prevent shipment of oil in American tankers to neutral countries whence it might get to Germany.

"This was written while Secretary of the Treasury Morgenthau in Washington was denying to newspapermen that there was any 'relation' between our Government's action and the British rationing of Spain's oil supply.

"Yesterday—five days later—Hugh Dalton, British Minister of Economic Warfare, was making a progress report to Parliament. This was preliminary to a secret debate, which was then held, on the subject of economic warfare. But before the press gallery was cleared, it was disclosed by Dalton, replying to a question, that Britain already had 'intimated' to the United States her 'great interest in the general question of world surpluses.'

"Britain's present interest in world surpluses, like the petroleum surplus, is to see that they do not get to Germany. It is true Dalton did not say his government's intimations to our Government had produced results. But it seems a reasonable guess, in light of what he did say, that Secretary Morgenthau's denial of a 'relation' between the British and American action on Spanish oil was one in which much may have depended on what he meant precisely by 'relation.'

"It seems quite probable, in short, that—whether by request or on its own motion—our Treasury Department has enlisted in the Ministry of Economic Warfare.

"Of course that would be unneutral. But neither is it neutral for our Government to collaborate with belligerent governments, as it does, to supply them with munitions.

"This passage of history is related simply for the record. The United States long ago ceased to be neutral, even though it used to be held that neutrality was helpful in keeping out of war. Congress, we remember, once even wrote a law on the subject."

' ' '

Disillusionment

"COMMUNISM has no spiritual anchorage. So it drifts the way of human greed and passion," says the *Catholic Sentinel* of Portland, Oregon.

That is why the glowing promises that Communists make are never realized.

The editorial continues:

"That is why the ardent hopes of many who turn to it (Communism) so enthusiastically are, sooner or later, blasted.

"A young American by name, Howard Rushmore, was sincere in his eagerness to give Communism a fair trial . . . His six-year affiliation with the Communist Party was 'a long and weary path that led to a dead end of disillusionment.'

"After he had discarded democracy as the ideal he came to learn its value, even as men often first learn the value of things once possessed after they are gone. How often is not health taken for granted until sickness robs the body of its strength and buoyancy!

"Democracy, however, does not rise in spiritual idealism above the level of the people who accept it as their form of government. It can fail, therefore, if the people fail in their acceptance of fundamental democratic principles.

"If this nation, in time, loses sight of God and ignores the human brotherhood that springs from the Fatherhood of God, it will also lose its democracy.

"Without belief in God, democracy becomes a sham. For it then loses its spiritual anchorage, without which it drifts, as Communism does, along the way of human greed and passion. And drifting thus, it may quickly lead to 'a dead end of disillusionment.' "

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Comment

Harry H. Woodring

AS ALL PERSONS know, Mr. Woodring was the Secretary of War until recently

As most persons know, he was not and is not in sympathy with the belligerent policies practised by the President of the United States.

On the matter of conscription—peacetime conscription—Mr. Woodring wrote a letter to Senator Arthur H. Vandenberg in which he disclosed his views.

The letter is important because it comes from the mind of a man most intimate with these affairs

We reproduce it in full:

"Topeka, Kans. August 1, 1940.

"Hon. Arthur H. Vandenberg,
United States Senate, Washington, D. C.

"My dear Senator: In answer to your inquiry on the Compulsory Military bill now before the Senate, I cannot see the need of compulsory military training at this time, and I should like to see the bill amended so that it does not become effective until, and after, the Chief of Staff of the United States Army has first advised the Senate in writing that the voluntary system has completely broken down.

"The voluntary system is traditional, and I believe is an important factor in the American way of free government as is free speech, the will to worship God as one's own conscience dictates, free assembly, and other American principles.

"If, through the influence of increasing tendency toward paternalism, we have broken down the moral stamina and fiber of the American youth, and made him a regimented atom, rather than a free individual, and thereby broken down the voluntary instinct to serve in a patriotic way, we then unquestionably will have to adopt a compulsory system for the defense of this country. But we must be assured when we adopt the compulsory system that we have unquestionably left the American principle based on the individual's freedom of action and have adopted a bill that smacks of totalitarianism.

"I believe it is the duty of Congress, and particularly the Senate, to be certain that the voluntary system has not failed for these reasons, but because it has had disadvantages for which our Government itself is to blame. For instance, several years ago, and also several months ago, I proposed to the administration the increase of the basic pay of the enlisted soldier of the United States Army from $21 to $30. The reply was that it was inconsistent with the financial program of the Administration. Whether that inconsistency holds good today, I would be willing for the Senate to decide.

"I believe the voluntary system is at a great disadvantage. We go out over the country and propose to the American youth that he enlist in the Army for a period of 3 years at $21 per month basic pay. That young man knows that 95 per cent of such enlisted men receive the $21 per month during the full 3-year period. And he also knows that the youth that enlist at the same time in the United States Navy at $21 basic pay is advanced in grade, through their custom, approved by, and money appropriated therefor by the Congress of the United States — is advanced within 60 or 90 days to $30, and in many instances soon thereafter to $36 per month.

"In fact there is a letter addressed to Chairman Sheppard, bearing my signature, before the Senate Military Affairs Committee, written only 6 or 7 months ago, bearing fully on this question of inequality of pay between the two services. I have not the figures before me, but I believe it is safe to say that within a year over 66-2/3 per cent of the youth that enlist in the United States Navy receive over $30 per month or more.

"The same youth that is asked to join the Army at $21 pay for 3 years sees his neighbor join the C.C.C. for 1 year at $30 per month, and in many instances the C.C.C. camp and the Army post are side by side. How any fair-minded Member of Congress could say that we have given the voluntary system of enlistment for the United States Army service a fair trial, and that it has broken down, and therefore, we need the compulsory service, is beyond my understanding.

"I also think the Senate should ask if our present quota of enlistments, as outlined by the War Department, have failed to be reached in any instance. Perhaps we of the War Department several months ago did not place the quota high enough. That is not the fault of the voluntary system. If we need a million, or two million young men for trained service in the United States Army, let's first give equal advantages to the voluntary system of raising this quota, and if necessary let's provide for 1-year voluntary service at $30 per month. I am for a trial by voluntary system before changing to the compulsory system. If the voluntary system fails, then I will join with others in obtaining the number of men, in the necessary time to defend this country, through a compulsory system.

"Thanking you for your inquiry, and with continued good wishes, I am

Yours sincerely,
Harry H. Woodring"

More Coffins

SENATOR RUSH HOLT recently exposed in the United States Senate the names of the international bankers and money lenders who are behind the *"Committee to Defend America by Aiding the Allies."*

Little, however, has been disclosed concerning the active officers of this subversive, warmongering organization.

William Allen White, the national chairman of the committee, is a well-known stooge of the money interests, a "liberal" of wide repute, and an erstwhile supporter of the priest-killing, church-burning Reds of the Spanish civil war.

Hugh Moore, who is listed as the chairman of the organization's executive committee. is a well-known industrialist.

A man of the same name is marked down in business directories as president of the Dixie-Vortex Corp., which has subsidiaries in Canada and Britain.

Treasurer of the *"Committee to Defend America by Aiding the Allies"* is Frederick C. McKee.

Considering Mr. McKee's business background, this is an extremely appropriate appointment.

For McKee is also the treasurer and chairman of the finance committee of the National Casket Co.!

Both the National Casket Co. and the *"Committee to Defend America by Aiding the Allies"* specialize in the business of death

Navy Pay for Not Working

THE Navy Department informs us that there is not room for any more men at the Great Lakes Training Station near Chicago right now.

According to Chief Yeoman C. J. Backstrom of the Minneapolis station, the reason for the over-supply of recruits is that the recruiting stations are taking on 25 per cent more men than the normal quota for each month.

As a result the extra recruits are sent home—and paid for staying at home.

If volunteers are coming in so fast that they can not be taken care of, what do the Washington war-mongers expect to do with millions of drafted men for whom there is no equipment, no barracks, no tents?

Are they to be sent home on full pay?

Probably, all these youngsters are of voting age.

As said before in these columns, they will not trade Santa Clauses in the middle of the chimney when it comes time to cast their ballots at the presidential election.

The Conscript

THE Springfield, Ohio, *Daily News* printed a letter written by Homer Becker. It is worthwhile reproducing. Here it is:

"To the Editor of The News:

"Do you know Elmer Jones? He's an ordinary American kid, aged 22, who hasn't had a steady job since he graduated from high school four years ago. He hasn't been able to lead a normal existence. Do you know that he hasn't had a real "date" in three years? Dad and Mom couldn't even give him enough money. Besides, the blue serge suit they scrimped and saved for to enable him to graduate in has long since become shabby.

"But things are about to change for Elmer. He's going to receive a brand new suit. It's a peculiar shade of greenish brown with brass buttons. Yes, Elmer's going to have the girls flocking around him and kissing him—Goodbye.

"Elmer is about to become a hero. He's going to die to preserve a system under which he had nothing worth living for. Poor Elmer, who never saw $100 in cash in his whole life, is going to be blasted into mangled bloody atoms by a shell that cost $3,000.

"Poor Elmer! He never had a chance to really know what living means. He died to preserve a system under which those who come after him will inevitably be doomed to the same futile existence. May God grant that Elmer shall not have died in vain as did his brothers in 1918.

"May those of us who survive him realize that no wars are fought for any other reason than to cement the chains of poverty and enforced economic slavery on the poor fools who furnish the cannon fodder.

"Homer Becker
"R.D. 3, Springfield, Ohio, July 15, 1940."

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Comment

Jewish Rabbi

M. H. HALTON, writing from London, on conditions in Germany before the war reports the following:

"Down in a London slum last night I stood talking to an old Jewish rabbi. In the same room were a score of men, women and children — Jews, who have fled from the curse which is scourging their race in Germany.

" 'Young man,' said the rabbi, 'I thank you for the zeal you are showing for the welfare of my people in Germany. But I would not have you think that we are entirely blameless.'

"He was silent then for a moment, and I turned in surprise to hear what he had to say. He took me aside.

" 'I would not have you forget,' he said, 'that there are two sides to modern Jewry. On the one hand you have, in the *ghetto*, the fine noble flame of Jewish genius and Jewish idealism — the white, mighty flame which 2,000 years of persecution has been unable to extinguish.

" 'But on the other hand — and I say it with the deepest regret and sorrow and shame — you have the side against which our teachers and prophets have been thundering since the dawn of history — since the days of the golden calf. I say it plainly, that there are rich, gross sections of our people, especially in Germany, who have fattened themselves while others suffered.'

"Not many years ago Israel Zangwill, Judah's greatest modern prophet, thundered against 'the gross materialism of a section of modern Jewry.' His fulminations, and last night's statements of the old rabbi, impel one to seek the cause for the hideous and in some cases unspeakable horrors that have overcome this fatal race in recent days in Germany.

"No other people in history has known so well how to profit by oppression as the Jews. In the words of their own gospels, they are a people 'who, going through the vale of misery, use it for a well' from which to draw strength, greatness and rejuvenation. Though they have been repressed again and again throughout history by extremes of torture and persecution, they have always drawn enough strength from their very persecutions to enable them not only to acquire great wealth, but also to rule people and nations.

' ' '

" 'The Jews,' said the old rabbi, in the course of a long conversation, 'have been forced by circumstances to the cult of internationalism. Hardly ever has the race been safe enough, in any country, to put forth very deep roots. Always, it has lived in danger, and as a result it has developed an ability to recover more quickly than other races from trouble and catastrophe.'

"It is this ability of the Jew to rise superior to his environment that is at the root of the terrible outbreak of anti-Semitism which we see before our eyes in Germany today. For they, the Jews, have been the only ones not to suffer by the economic situation of Germany since the war.

"Picture the situation. Gradually over a period of fifteen years the economic condition of the mass of Germans has slipped lower and lower, whereas that of the Jews —creditably demonstrating that once again, as so many times before, they were able to triumph over material as well as spiritual adversity — has risen higher and higher.

"In the centre of Berlin, a hundred yards from the government offices, there is the finest departmental store I ever saw. It is Wertheims. There are two other such stores, owned by Karstadt and Tietz. These stores, which are owned by Jews, have become the very symbol, to the majority of the German masses, of Jewish wealth and influence. And that is why the Hitlerites have been opposed from the very first to the departmental stores — because they are symbols of somebody else's prosperity in the midst of German suffering.

"Seven million people are unemployed in Germany. The industrious middle class has seen thousands and thousands of failures in their businesses. But the Jews have prospered. Nobody can blame them for prospering — but there it is a taunt and a provocation to millions of Germans.

"So it is not only race prejudice and jingoistic nationalism which are the dominating feelings behind Nazi-ism; it is also hatred of the poor man for the rich. 'These department stores, with their tentacles in every town and village in Germany, are ruining the trading middle classes' — so ran a *manifesto* published by the Nazis four years ago.

' ' '

"The old rabbi of Whitechapel put his finger on the root of the whole terrible business when he said to me last night: 'Our race has the ability to rise above its physical and temporal misfortunes. It has the power to draw its strength from the very catastrophes that overwhelm other people. And that is why I can understand, to some extent, the feeling of the Germans. You know, it is very hard for people who are suffering and hungry to be reasonable and unenvious, and kind.'

"It is also true that Hitler, in his most bitter anti-Semitic speeches, has never been as bitter as Israel Zangwill in his attacks on 'the gross materialism of a section of modern Jewry.' To say this is not to condone the hideous persecutions which have been let loose in Germany over the heads of this sad and long-suffering people. I would be one of the last to condone those horrors, which indeed make one sicken at the ghastly tale of human cruelty, and despair of the 'civilization' which once more is proved to be nothing but a veneer over clumbering savagery and unspeakable sadism. In fact, I have received already a threatening letter for the things I have written about Germany.

"The cruelty, then, cannot be condoned; but it can and must be understood. In Germany until two months ago, the Jews were in almost absolute control of the press, the stock exchange, the great stores, the theatre, the cinema, and the luxury trades of all kinds. These are the things that create values and opinions — and they have all been controlled by the Jews — generally with ostentation and sometimes with vulgarity.

"In conversation with a German journalist today I was bitterly attacking Hitlerism and defending the Jews. His reply is worth writing down as an indication that, right or wrong, there is another side to the question:

" 'How do you account for the fact that millions and millions of decent, educated young people have rallied behind Hitler?' he demanded. 'It is because there is a passionate revolt in their hearts against the recent ugly, gross standards and values set by the Jews who controlled so many important functions of our national life. Undoubtedly there are bullies and sadists and beasts among the Brown Shirts; but how do you explain the enthusiasm of the millions who swept Hitler into power? I will tell you what explains it! It is the revolt of young Germany against the vulgarity and nastiness which has made Berlin notorious the world over for her ugly night life — for which the Jews are responsible. Young Germany is sick of negro music and negro dancing and homosexuality and lesbianism, sick of naked dancing in underground, vile night clubs, sick to death of the vulgarities of the Jewish plutocracy, flaming with disgust at the sex-mad hysteria of the after-war.'

" 'But was all that so important?' I asked. 'And if it was, were the Jews to blame?'

" 'They were,' declared the journalist. 'They formed the money-mad, dissipated plutocracy and they were rotten. Give us Jews like Spinoza and Heine, and we would welcome them with open arms. But not these modern Jews.'

" 'What about Einstein, he was greater than Spinoza or Heine,' I objected. 'Undoubtedly,' was the reply. 'But where there was one Einstein there were ten thousand wealthy vulgarians. We have done well to rid ourselves of them. If Hitler purges Germany of the rot of the last fifteen years, then every case of Jew-baiting will have been worthwhile.'

' ' '

"I could not agree. Much of what he called the 'rot of the last fifteen years' had been a broad internationalism that might have saved Europe had the rest of Europe fallen into line with it. And the Jew-baiting has shown us that maybe there was some truth after all in the 1914-18 stories of German brutality, and that maybe we would be wrong to grant them equality of armaments today. But for what is happening in Germany today, all of us are partly to blame, Gentiles of our own nations as well as Prussian bullies. And probably even the Jews were not entirely guiltless."

Pins and Needles

THIS IS the name of a Jewish play produced by workers in the garment trade.

"A ticklish situation developed when part of the audience took offense at the final comedy skit, which poked fun at Father Coughlin," wrote Critic Allyn Jones.

"Every skit in the review drew loud applause, but the last one, portraying Father Coughlin with a swastika on one shirt sleeve and an outline of Adolf Hitler's countenance on the other, caused an outburst of hisses and boos . . . "

If Christian Fronters produced a play characterizing a Jewish rabbi as these Hebrews characterized Father Coughlin, Walter Winchell and the rest of the Talmudic propagandists would require a carload of cough drops to ease their throats.

Is it okay to be anti-Christian, but a crime in the United States to be anti-Semitic?

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$20,000 IN CASH PRIZES!

'VICTORY' CIRCULATION CONTEST OPENS TODAY

137 HANDSOME AWARDS GO TO 137 PROMPT HUSTLERS

TWELVE THOUSAND DOLLARS IN CASH PRIZES and an estimated EIGHT THOUSAND DOLLARS IN COMMISSIONS — a total of TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS IN CASH — is what SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine will pay its host of readers for their co-operation during the next four months!

Today marks the opening of the great "VICTORY CONTEST" of this magazine. One hundred thousand additional subscribers is the purpose of this national competition.

No Losers
IN THIS CONTEST
You Get 10% Commission

There are no losers in the great "VICTORY CONTEST" opening today.

Besides enjoying the opportunity of striking for his or her share of 137 cash prizes totaling $12,000.00, every contestant who falls short of winning one of the first nine cash prizes, will be paid a commission of TEN PER CENT on all business turned in.

You can make nice money as a contestant during the next 15 weeks — and every subscription you get for SOCIAL JUSTICE brings you closer to the Grand Prize of $2,500.00.

Contestants are asked not to deduct commissions. Send the whole amount to the Contest Manager. Commission checks will be sent to all contestants at the end of each Contest period.

The thing to do is to enter the Contest this very day. Remember — by sending in your Nomination Blank and your first subscription (your own or that of somebody else) you will receive a Complimentary Starting spurt of 150,000 Votes.

Commission of TEN PER CENT is paid contestants because SOCIAL JUSTICE wants to show its appreciation of the efforts of everybody in the Contest.

Of course, you will aim at the Grand Prize. That is the correct and smart thing to do.

At the same time — keep that commission in mind.

Every reader of SOCIAL JUSTICE in every state of the Union is asked to enter the Contest at once. In this Contest you can win fortune — if you work — in 15 weeks.

The great "VICTORY CONTEST" opening today is what is known as a direct circulation drive. We want more readers—more subscribers.

We know there are thousands of able, intelligent, energetic men and women, boys and girls, among our readers who will get us those subscribers. WE WILL PAY WELL FOR THAT CO-OPERATION.

This is a new kind of SOCIAL JUSTICE contest. Nothing like it has ever been done before by this weekly. All bars are down. There are no "bonus votes." There are no "club votes." There is a distinct and unchangeable Schedule of Vote Credits, which will maintain right through to the end.

There are 137 cash prizes. A Grand Prize of $2,500.00! A Second Prize of $1,750.00! A Third Prize of $1,200.00! A Fourth Prize of $900.00! A Fifth Prize of $700.00! A Sixth Prize of $600.00! A Seventh Prize of $550.00! An Eighth Prize of $450.00! A Ninth Prize of $350.00!

There are 101 additional cash prizes totaling $2,000.00; and 27 special cash prizes which will be distributed to hustlers at intervals throughout the contest.

AND EVERY CONTESTANT WILL RECEIVE A COMMISSION OF TEN PER CENT ON ALL BUSINESS TURNED IN — UNLESS HE OR SHE IS A WINNER OF ONE OF THE FIRST NINE PRIZES.

The "VICTORY CONTEST" is divided into four periods, according to the table on this page.

Vote Credits for subscriptions are highest during the First Period, which begins today, August 19, and runs to October 21. There is a decrease in Vote Credits for each period, ending with the fourth. The Contest will officially close on December 2.

It costs not a penny to enter this great contest. Prizes will be awarded strictly on the basis of earned Vote Credits. In event of ties duplicate prizes will be awarded.

There is no distinction between "new" and "old" subscriptions. New subscriptions and renewals rank the same as to vote-value. No confusion. No involved bookkeeping. No differing and puzzling classification of votes. Work will win. Work and organization — but especially work.

We want you to enter this great contest right today. The First Period is the time for you to pile up a heavy and unbeatable vote. The First Period is when a subscription, old or new, will mean most in your final count.

You may enter yourself or a friend by using the Nomination Blank at the bottom of this page TODAY. Beside the Nomination Blank you will see a "Start Off" Coupon, to be used in sending in your first subscription.

THE NOMINATION BLANK AND YOUR FIRST SUBSCRIPTION WILL GIVE YOU A COMPLIMENTARY CREDIT OF 150,000 VOTES RIGHT AT THE VERY START!

The earlier you get started the better your chance, with consistent work, to win the Grand Prize of $2,500.00. Get on the telephone. Tell all your friends you are entering the Contest and need their help. Start to organize TONIGHT. Aim right at the Grand Prize of $2,500.00.

Be prompt — and it will pay you mighty well. On the day your Nomination Blank reaches our offices, you will be sent all necessary information and materials. You will be given every help and co-operation. Your every question will be answered quickly and correctly.

Every contestant will make money in this great drive.

Become a contestant right now.

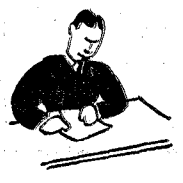
VOTE-CREDIT SCHEDULE for ALL CONTEST PERIODS

SUBSCRIPTION	FIRST PERIOD Aug. 19—Oct. 21	SECOND PERIOD Oct. 22—Nov. 4	THIRD PERIOD Nov. 5—Nov. 18	FOURTH PERIOD Nov. 19—Dec. 2
2 yr. ($6.00)	240,000 votes	220,000 votes	210,000 votes	205,000 votes
1 yr. ($3.00)	120,000 votes	100,000 votes	90,000 votes	85,000 votes
10 mos. ($2.50)	100,000 votes	80,000 votes	70,000 votes	65,000 votes
8 mos. ($2.00)	80,000 votes	60,000 votes	50,000 votes	45,000 votes
6 mos. ($1.50)	60,000 votes	40,000 votes	30,000 votes	25,000 votes
4 mos. ($1.00)	40,000 votes	20,000 votes	10,000 votes	5,000 votes

How to Become a

Have you ever taken part in a great Contest such as this? Do you know the thrill of the fight? Have you experienced the delight of winning a prize?

If you have not enjoyed these things, here is your chance. Thousands of Americans know the thrill of contest success every month. There is no feeling quite like it.



Now, before you can be a contest-winner, certain things have to be done. In this type of competition, prizes are won by work — work — and still more work.

But, there is a way to work at a contest. There is a way to win. Here's the way to proceed:

First, you enter right away. You enter early because you know you will receive the highest vote-credit for your subscriptions during the First Period of the Contest.

WE SHALL CALL THIS FIRST CONTEST PERIOD THE 'SUNRISE PER

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FORTUNE *Plus Chance to Aid Americanism*

The coming three months will be perhaps the most crucial in the history of our country. Tremendous things are happening. American liberty hangs in the balance. Constitutional freedom is teetering.

SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine is the most successful, the most widely-read medium of TRUTH in the United States. It carries no advertising. It truckles to no interests. It is bossed by no politicians.

As a contestant, you will have no trouble obtaining subscriptions to SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine. It has four years of amazing success behind it. Everybody in the nation knows of it. Millions have read it week after week.

The management of SOCIAL JUSTICE wishes to drive its weekly circulation over the half-million mark THIS FALL. It wishes to carry the social and economic principles for which Father Coughlin has fought to the largest possible number of American citizens THIS FALL.

That is the sole purpose of the great "VICTORY CONTEST."

Your help is needed in this great work. And, while you are rendering this most valuable aid to the cause of genuine Americanism, you are striking for fortune for yourself.

Participation in the "VICTORY CONTEST" will be a happy task for you. It will be exciting. It will be thrilling. And — there's FORTUNE in it — in only 15 weeks.

Therefore, become a contestant today by using the Nomination Blank and "Start-Off" Coupon.

A NEW KIND OF CONTEST

'Bonus' and 'Club' Votes Out

Contestants in our last two circulation drives complained that the system by which vote-credits were given was too complicated. There were regular votes, bonus votes and club votes.

Bonus votes were necessary in previous contests because of the distinction between "new" and "old" subscriptions (renewals). More credit was given for a new subscription than for a renewal. This credit was given in the form of bonus votes.

In our new "VICTORY CONTEST" no distinction is drawn between "new" and "old" subscriptions. Both are on an even footing as to vote-credit. A renewed subscription counts as many votes to the contestant as a new subscription. Therefore, bonus votes are unnecessary.

In previous contests "club votes" were given on the basis of money turned in. They were really superfluous, because the contestant who obtains the largest number of subscriptions usually turns in the largest sum of money in the natural order of things.

All of these useless appendages have been stripped from the "VICTORY CONTEST." There is a set and unchangeable Vote-Credit Schedule which will hold throughout the Contest. The contestant who receives the largest number of Votes, according to that schedule, will win the Grand Prize of $2,500.00. The contestant who is credited with the second-largest number of votes, according to that schedule, will be awarded the Second Prize of $1,750.00. And so on right down through the 137 Cash Prizes.

All are on an equal footing. No contestant could possibly have an advantage. The hardest and most consistent and persevering workers will win.

READ OVER THIS LIST

GRAND PRIZE . . .	**$2500.00**
Second Prize . . .	**1750.00**
Third Prize	**1200.00**
Fourth Prize . . .	**900.00**
Fifth Prize	**700.00**
Sixth Prize	**600.00**
Seventh Prize . . .	**550.00**
Eighth Prize . . .	**450.00**
Ninth Prize . . .	**350.00**
101 additional prizes	**2000.00**
27 special cash prizes	**1000.00**
Commissions estimated . . .	**8000.00**
GRAND TOTAL . .	**$20,000.00**

RULES *of the Contest*

1. Open to any person more than 16 years of age, except employees of SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine, their families or close relatives. The management reserves the right to reject objectionable nominations.

2. Contestants may obtain subscriptions anywhere and may be assisted by any person. Candidates must make a cash report during each of the final two weeks of the Contest.

3. Votes are not transferable from one active contestant to another active contestant. Contestants cannot withdraw in favor of other active contestants; nor can contestants give or transfer subscriptions to another contestant.

4. Votes will be issued on paid-in-advance subscriptions (new or renewal) for SOCIAL JUSTICE, including Complimentary Votes for "Start-Off" and Nomination Coupons.

5. Votes are issued subject to verification.

6. No statement, assertion or promise, either written or verbal, made by any of the solicitors, agents, contestants, or any other than published in SOCIAL JUSTICE, will be recognized by the publishers or the Contest management.

7. All Contestants are held responsible for all moneys collected. They must remit such amounts in full on schedule at frequent intervals or on demand to the Contest Department.

8. Prizes are to be delivered to winners without cost as soon as the official judges announce the results of the Contest. In case of ties duplicate prizes will be awarded.

9. The management reserves the right to place additional prizes on the list.

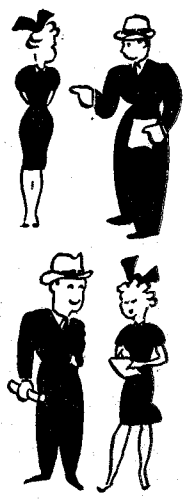
10. The Contest opens on August 19. 1940, and closes December 2, 1940.

11. Any questions or controversies that may arise are to be settled by the Contest Manager, and his decision will be final and conclusive.

12. In event of typographical or other error, it is understood that neither the publishers nor the Contest Management shall be held responsible, except for the necessary correction of the same.

13. By entering the Contest, a Contestant agrees to accept the decisions of the Contest Management and official judges as final.

Contest-Winner



As soon as you have entered by returning your Nomination Blank and "Start-Off" subscription, you start to organize. The chances are you will have your particular locality all to yourself, with no competition. Fine!

It is important that you immediately ADVERTISE the fact that you are in the Contest. Tell all your friends. Get your friends to tell their friends. Induce the editor of your local paper or your school publication to run a little story about your being in the Contest. Use the telephone. Use the mails. Write to everybody you know you can depend upon for a subscription. Get them to subscribe early — during the First Period.

Remember — there will be no contestant who has a better chance to win than yourself. It all depends on how hard and consistently you "hit the ball."

OD' . . . BE EARLY!

Here's How to Start with 270,000 VOTES

'Start Off' SUBSCRIPTION COUPON

(Good for 120,000 Complimentary Votes)

Return this Coupon to the Contest Manager with your first yearly subscription payment ($3.00), either old or new, and you will receive 120,000 Complimentary Votes, in addition to the votes allowed on Vote-Credit Schedule.

Name of Subscriber _____

Address _____

City or Town _____

State _____

New ☐ Old ☐

(Your own subscription or renewal will count.)

This coupon, accompanied by the Nomination Blank and your first yearly subscription, will start you in the great Contest with 150,000 Complimentary Votes, plus the Vote-Credit on the subscription, as shown in the Vote-Credit Schedule, making a total of 270,000 Votes. Only one of these coupons will be credited to a Contestant.

NOMINATION BLANK

(Good for 30,000 Complimentary Votes)

_____, 1940

Contest Manager, SOCIAL JUSTICE,
Royal Oak, Michigan.

Please enter my name as a Contestant in the "VICTORY CONTEST." I understand this Blank filled out and sent in will entitle me to 30,000 Votes and that my first yearly subscription, old or new, will entitle me to 120,000 Complimentary Votes.

My Name is _____

My Address is _____

City or Town _____ *State* _____

(You may nominate yourself or any other person)

ONLY ONE OF THESE COUPONS WILL BE CREDITED TO A CONTESTANT

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Prediction for U. S.

At War in Six Months!

THE UNITED STATES will be "at war within six months—somehow, somewhere."

That, according to an Associated Press dispatch, is what James W. Gerard—United States ambassador to Germany in 1917—said recently at Butte, Montana.

Whether Mr. Gerard has confidential information not available to the general public, or whether his prediction is merely a wild guess, one does not know.

Having been close to the Wilson administration, which pitched America into the World War, however, Mr. Gerard perhaps sees the striking parallel between the war preparations of his former chief and those of the present Administration.

Like President Wilson, Mr. Roosevelt piously disclaims any intention or desire to involve the United States in the current conflict.

Yet his words and actions are belligerent.

It is now rather generally known that while Wilson drummed those magic, vote-getting words, "he kept us out of war" into the ears of the citizenry, he and his advisors already *were determined that the United States would enter the war.*

It was merely a question of time. Public sentiment was opposed to war. Before the Administration safely could propose a war declaration the public would have to be propagandized—"educated," they called it—in favor of war.

* * *

Pertinent are the writings of the late Robert Lansing, Secretary of State in President Wilson's Cabinet.

Portions of these works were introduced into the *Congressional Record* recently by Senator Rush D. Holt of West Virginia.

They show an astounding similarity between the course pursued by Wilson and that now followed by President Roosevelt.

Remember, Mr. Lansing was Secretary of State. No doubt his knowledge of Administration intentions gave him adequate reason to write in 1916:

"While I claim no prophetic vision, I believe I can declare that by this time next year, Americans will be killing those German barbarians or at least getting ready to do their part in this war against the Kaiser and his military gang who rule Germany."

Wilson, Lansing and others believed it was the "sacred duty of the United States to help the Allies destroy Kaiserism." They refrained, however, from committing themselves openly until 1917, because they first had to "educate" the American people to their belief.

In other words, *they had to drum up the war spirit in a people who were opposed to war.*

Lansing confessed this in his writings.

* * *

President Roosevelt, Secretaries Stimson, Knox, Ickes, and a host of Anglophiles in and out of the Administration, believe it is the sacred duty of the United States to help Great Britain destroy Hitlerism.

Is their plan the same as that so deceitfully carried out by the Wilson administration?

Are they biding their time until the American people have been "educated" to offer their lives for the preservation of the British Empire?

Is the peace-time draft to become a war-time draft?

Is the President's promise of "all aid short of war" to give way to "all aid *including war*"?

Is he taking a leaf from the book of Secretary Lansing, who wrote in 1915: ". . . The American people will have to be educated to a true vision of the menace that Germany is to liberty and democracy in America as well as in Europe"?

* * *

Apparently oblivious of the sage admonition of George Washington regarding foreign entanglements, Lansing had convinced himself that war was inevitable. He explained his reluctance to advocate armed intervention in 1915 in this manner:

"I, like some other believers in active support of the cause of the Allies, realized that the sensible thing to do was to defer action until, by a gradual process of education and enlightenment, the American people had been brought to a full understanding of the design of the German Government to become overlord of the world."

Judging by his own words, Lansing "foresaw" an American invasion by the Kaiser, just as Roosevelt now "foresees" an invasion by Hitler.

The unfeasibility of such an invasion, of course, enjoyed no more consideration then than it does now.

The Wilson administration deemed it unwise to rebuke the British severely for interfering with American rights. The reason? Mr. Lansing gives it: The Administration knew it soon would be in the war as an ally of Great Britain.

Witness the following excerpt from Lansing's writings:

"If my conviction was right as to the United States entry into the war—and I never doubted it after the sinking of the *Lusitania*—it was of the highest importance that we should not become a belligerent with our hands too tightly tied by what we had written. We would presumably wish to adopt some of the policies and practices which the British had adopted, though certainly not all of them, for our object would be the same as theirs, and that was to break the power of Germany and destroy the morale of the German people by an economic isolation, which would cause them to lack the very necessaries of life. If we went too far in insisting that Great Britain must cease certain practices as violative of our neutral rights, our utterances would be cited against us by other neutrals if we, as belligerents, attempted to do the same thing. While our conduct might be illegal, we would not be flagrantly inconsistent."

Consequently, according to Lansing, in notes sent by the United States to Great Britain "everything was submerged in verbosity. It was done with deliberate purpose."

Since the outbreak of the present war practically all the public communications from this country to Great Britain have expressed utmost amity and willingness to help the Empire repel Hitler.

Perhaps, James W. Gerard knew whereof he spoke when he declared the United States *will be "at war within six months—somehow, somewhere."*

'A Little Leadership'

THE UNITED STATES will be in the war before Christmas, if President Roosevelt is re-elected for a third term.

This is the prediction of G. Howard Ferguson, former premier of Ontario, and former Canadian High Commissioner at London.

According to a recent news dispatch, Mr. Ferguson hailed President Roosevelt's third term nomination as "a good thing for us," and added that pro-British sentiment in the United States "is very strong."

All that is necessary to lead the United States into war, he said, is "a little leadership in the right direction by some outstanding man like Roosevelt."

That's what we keep telling them down at the office!

Belching

"THE REAL OBJECTION to Roosevelt is not that he is running for a third term, but that he is an infernally bad President, and a generally suspicious and dangerous character," writes H. L. Mencken in the *Baltimore Sun.*

"The more piously he howls against the bad faith of the dictators," the editorial sage of Baltimore goes on, "the more the fact is rubbed in that his own solemn word is worth precisely nothing.

"Even his stooges at Chicago belched sadly when he told them that he didn't want a third term, and was taking it only as a matter of conscience and solemn duty.

"In the course of nearly forty years' attendance upon political orgies I have heard many whoppers, but that one was surely the champion of them all.

"In both his domestic policies and his foreign policies Roosevelt has shown a complete lack of judgment and balance, and a constant tendency to rash and perilous courses.

"At home, his wholesale buying of boob votes with public money has cost the country many billions and brought it close to ruin and, what is worse, filled it with bitter hatreds and raucous recriminations.

"In the foreign field he has done even worse, for his hot yen to cut a gaudy figure in the world, his insatiable lust for more and more power, has laid up retributions that may afflict the United States for generations.

"This Napoleonic delusion would be comic if its probable consequences were not so serious.

"Every time the right hon. gentleman has ventured to guess the course of events he has guessed wrong, and now, to cap it all, he burlesques his own incapacity by calling in an incomparable wrong guesser, the Hon. Henry L. Stimson, LL.D., to help him guess more and worse.

"The net result of his operations to date is that all the great nations of the world, except England, are avowed enemies of the United States, with long catalogues of just grievances, and that even England is sore, and would sell us out to Russia, Japan or Italy tomorrow, or even to Hitler, if it could be managed at a profit."

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They Fought for Peace

Lindberghs, Sire and Son, Opposed Two U. S. Wars

IN THE MONTHS since he started his campaign to keep America out of the war, Colonel Charles A. Lindbergh has encountered suspicion and denunciation which must have turned his mind more than once to the man who defied popular opinion and sacrificed his political career in an unsuccessful effort to keep this country out of the World War.

"Charles A. Lindbergh, Jr., was a boy of 14 when his father took up an unpopular and unavailing fight in Congress against United States participation in the first World War," writes W. M. Reddig in the *Kansas City Times*.

A smaller edition of the elder Lindbergh, young Charles, the writer says, "ran errands and addressed letters in Washington for the tall, blond, grave and stubborn man from Minnesota who served ten years in the national House of Representatives.

"Few persons living today remember that other Lindbergh. One has to go to the *Congressional Record*, to newspaper files, to a forgotten book that he wrote to recall something of him.

"The son resembles the elder Lindbergh in physical appearance and personal characteristics. Like his father, he is not a good 'mixer' and he is not good at explaining his actions and utterances to unfriendly critics."

* * *

"Col. Charles A. Lindbergh, the son of the crusader from Minnesota, was 34 years old when he gave a prophetic warning of another World War, a struggle much more destructive than the one which his father tried to keep America from entering in 1917," continues the *Kansas City Times*.

"He was in Berlin, the honored guest of the German government, surrounded by Nazi leaders and aviation officials at a luncheon arranged by the German air ministry.

" ' . . . As I travel about Europe, I am more than ever impressed with the seriousness of the situation which confronts us,' Lindbergh said. 'When I see that within a day or two damage can be done that no time can ever replace, I begin to realize that we must look for a new type of security . . . security which rests in intelligence, not in forts.'

"That was in July, 1936, four years before Hitler's air armies had spread havoc over Western Europe, two years before the tragic failure of appeasement, three years before Colonel Lindbergh returned to America to take up the fight against involvement of his homeland in the European conflict.

"And it was more than two years before the American flier provoked an international storm of criticism by telling the English of Germany's vast superiority in the air, a judgment that was to be tragically and sensationally confirmed by events in 1940

* * *

"That speech in Berlin in 1936 marked Lindbergh's first step into the theater of public discussion on the war issue, at a time when the western democracies were confused and jittery but still not convinced that the ominous signs were real. For a moment it seemed that the American flier's warning might become the signal for a movement to call a halt in the arms race and bring about peaceful reconsideration of the world's problems, but the cue was not taken up.

"When Colonel Lindbergh left the United States in December, 1935, following the trial and conviction of his son's kidnapper and murderer, friends said he did not intend to return unless and until some national emergency faced his country. He came back in April, 1939, four months before Hitler started the second World War with his attack on Poland.

"He came back to serve his country with his technical knowledge as a pilot and his knowledge of air power and strategy of foreign nations. Equipped with information gathered in an investigation such as has been made by no other one man, he conferred with American government and military officials and conducted a survey of national defense in the last months of peace.

* * *

"Twenty-three years after his father took the floor in the lower house of Congress to speak against the Wilson administration's neutrality policy in the last war, Charles A. Lindbergh, Jr., went on the radio to criticize the neutrality program of President Roosevelt.

"His talk the night of October 13, 1939, when he called for maintenance of an embargo on 'offensive weapons,' and suggested pointedly that Britain and other European powers get out of this hemisphere lest they draw the United States into war, was the first of three public utterances he has directed against the course being followed by the Washington administration.

"Charles A. Lindbergh, Sr., subscribed to the theory that the war abroad was simply a struggle of rival imperialisms for commercial, territorial and financial advantages. His son expressed an identical view with regard to the present conflict in an article published in the March issue of the *Atlantic Monthly*.

"In his May 19 attack on the administration's defense policy, Colonel Lindbergh said:

" 'Our danger in America is an internal danger. We need not fear a foreign invasion unless American peoples bring it on through their own quarreling and meddling with affairs abroad. Our eyes should not search beyond the horizon for problems which lie at our feet. The greatest lesson we can draw from Europe today is that national strength must be built within a nation itself and cannot be achieved by limiting the strength of others.'

"That is almost a repetition of the father's argument on the floor of the house in 1916:

" 'Our internal difficulties are many and acute. Injustice prevails and actual danger is greater from within than from without. It requires greater statesmanship to deal with our domestic than it does to deal with our foreign affairs. We will always have the power to deal with our domestic affairs. The basis exists on which we can proceed to correct evil practices in our own business. But it would be quite different if we left ourselves in a hopeless position to be dominated by other nations.' "

Some Facts About England

ACCORDING to the propaganda let loose from Downing Street, the R.A.F. is destroying German factories, munition dumps and military depots.

When Britain declared war against Germany, she had approximately 651 Spitfire airplanes.

Today, she is out-numbered approximately 3 to 1 in the air.

Today, Englishmen—rich and poor—are allowed no more than two ounces of bacon per week

Today, there is a shortage of foodstuffs, a shortage of tin, a shortage of iron ore, a shortage of airplanes, a shortage of munitions and artillery in England.

Can Hitler cross the 22 miles from Calais to Dover?

Here is the answer:

On the Calais coast Hitler has set up huge guns capable of pouring a deadly barrage across the Channel and into England.

Under cover of the barrage and aided by the protection of 12,000 airplanes of various types, Hitler can land an army in England.

The British navy cannot help in preventing this through the agency of its great ships.

The *Hood*, the *Renown* and ships of that type dare not let themselves be bottled in the English Channel where they would become targets for the land batteries stationed on the French coast.

Although the Nazis can land an army in England and will out-number the English 3 to 1 in the air, the chief enemy of the English will not be the Germans but the lean, gaunt spectre of starvation.

The next month, it is probable, will tell the tale

* * *

A Ghost Comes Home

THE NEW DEAL'S recent gathering at Chicago was almost a literal reincarnation of the Democratic National Convention of unhallowed memory that was held in St. Louis in June, 1916.

On the eve of America's entrance into the first World War, the Democrats had only one candidate, President Woodrow Wilson, and he was re-nominated by acclamation.

Although there was at first some disagreement over the choice of a Vice-Presidential nominee, Wilson's unchallenged dictatorial hold over his party secured the re-naming of Vice-President Thomas Marshall.

During his first term in office Wilson had shattered American neutrality with his approval of loans to the Allies, open favoritism of Great Britain and hostile diplomacy against Germany.

Yet the convention hailed him for keeping America out of war.

The platform adopted by the convention, and dictated almost entirely by Wilson, pledged peace and preparedness.

The peace plank came as a surprise to party bosses and their backers as they had planned to keep the convention free of any "pacifistic taint."

It was brought about, however, by the rank-and-file delegates who revolted against Wilson's war-mongering during 1914-16.

Among the principal supporters of President Roosevelt at the 1940 convention were Governor Lehman, whose family controls the international bank of Lehman Bros., Bernard Baruch, Henry Morgenthau, Jr., and the Ed Kelly-Jacob Arvey machine in Illinois.

Chief boosters of Wilson in 1916 were Jacob Schiff, of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., Henry Morgenthau, Sr., and Bernard Baruch.

In nominating speeches the St. Louis convention cheered Wilson for his 'New Freedom' policy, proclaiming that it had saved America from economic collapse.

(Continued on Page 18)

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Prelude to Revolution

Fifth Column in Congress

"BACK IN '34, Bainbridge Colby, who had been Wilson's Secretary of State, charged that the New Dealers were more interested in bringing about a revolution than they were in restoring prosperity," says Representative Clare E. Hoffman of Michigan in his Washington news letter to his constituents.

In his formal release dated August 3, Congressman Hoffman openly attacks the fateful "joker" slipped on Congress by way of the *Vinson bill*, which would give the Navy power to take over American manufacturing plants. Mr. Hoffman also reminds the people of the times when this same thing has been previously attempted.

Says Congressman Hoffman:

"On June 28 there was slipped through Congress a bill which provided:

"That the Secretary of the Navy is further authorized, under the general direction of the President, whenever he deems any existing manufacturing plant or facility necessary for the national defense, and whenever he is unable to arrive at an agreement with the owner of any such plant or facility for its use or operation, to take over and operate such plant or facility, either by government personnel or by contact with private firms; provided further, that the Secretary of the Navy is authorized to fix compensation to the owner of such plant or facility."

Just read that provision again. It authorizes the Secretary of the Navy, if he cannot make an agreement satisfactory to him with any factory owner in your town or city, *to take over that factory and to operate it*, either with the present employes or with Government men brought in for that purpose. He pays the owner only such a sum as he, the Secretary, may fix.

Does Hitler have any more power than that?

Do you ask why Congress passed such an act?

Here is the story:

Last December, the then acting Secretary of the Navy, Charles Edison, wrote the Speaker of the House, suggesting the President be given extraordinary wartime powers in time of peace. When Edison was called before the Committee on Naval Affairs and questioned as to why we should have a dictator here in America, he replied, *"I just made a mistake in making it."*

* * *

When the *Naval Defense Bill* was before committee, the same proposition was again made but was flatly rejected and was stricken from the House bill. Later, it was also stricken from the Senate bill. After the bill passed the House and went into conference, someone reinstated it!

When the conference report came before the House, the report was not printed. A verbal report was made by the chairman. This provision giving the President the powers of a Hitler was not referred to and apparently no one in Congress -- not even Mr. Vinson, House Representative on the Conference Committee — knew it had been reinserted in the bill. The bill passed the Senate and House.

* * *

Ralph E. Church, ranking Republican Member on the Naval Affairs Committee, brought the matter to the attention of the House on August 1, and Democratic Chairman Vinson of the Naval Affairs Committee quite frankly stated:

"Obviously, these far-reaching terms were inserted while the bill was in conference. Somehow, by some means, in the haste of the conference committee to bring the bill back to the House and the Senate, the Navy Department advisers had the words put in the bill."

"There is no justification to permit the delegation of such authority to the Secretary of the Navy or to the President or anyone else under conditions such as the country is in today."

The House without delay repealed the provision and the matter has now gone to the Senate for like action.

Do you wonder why we distrust the New Dealers?

* * *

"Mr. Vinson is absolutely honest," concludes Congressman Hoffman. "Someone slipped one over on him. Unfortunately and without his knowledge, someone inserted this grant of power to the President in the bill.

"This double-dealing, this contemptible deception, shows to what extent the traitors — the Fifth Columnists, within the administration — will go to deprive our country of its constitutional form of government.

"This was no accident. It was a deliberate attempt on the part of someone to steal from the American people the right to control, operate and own their factories; to give to the President and the Secretary of the Navy power to take from any factory owner in any town or city his property and to pay for it only such a sum as might be fixed by the Secretary of the Navy.

"If you are a liberty-loving American; if you believe in our form of government; if you think for one moment that you can trust the New Dealers, just read over the above statement again."

American Tradition

SENATORS REYNOLDS of North Carolina, Ashurst of Arizona and a few others recently tried to build a fire under Senate Immigration Committee to hasten the progress of the Harry Bridges deportation bill.

Although it had been passed overwhelmingly in the House several weeks ago, the bill has floundered around in the Senate committee with scarcely any attention.

The Administration, of course, is adamantly opposed to the measure, and has endeavored to bury it.

For some peculiar reason—you may have your guess—ardent New Dealers do not wish to bounce the radical alien labor agitator, Bridges, back to his native Australia.

And why do they say they oppose the bill? It's a very compelling reason, to be sure, especially for New Dealers.

Attorney General Jackson phrased it this way: "Its enactment would be *'an historical departure from an unbroken American practice and tradition.'* "

New Dealers, then, are unalterably opposed to anything which violates historical American practice and tradition!

How about that third term nomination?

Defense Spending

ONE OF THE principal points in the political palaver peddled at the recent Democratic convention, was that the Hoover administration, in pitiful contrast to the New Deal, did nothing to improve the national defense. Instead, it was charged by New Deal oratory, that Hoover's zeal to co-operate with the disarmament conferees actually reduced our fighting force.

Let's look at the record—

The Democratic platform of 1932, on which President Roosevelt was first elected, *actually scored Hoover for excessive arms expenditures!*

Ignoring the fact that the Hoover incumbency was a period of comparative world peace—that Hitler had not yet strode on the world scene and set Europe ablaze—it can be recalled that *more funds were appropriated for national defense in the last two years of the Hoover Administration than in the first two of the Roosevelt regime.*

John T. Flynn, the eminent writer and economist, in an article entitled "Plain Economics," (introduced into the *Congressional Record* by Senator Ernest Lundeen of Minnesota), wrote:

" . . . in 1931-32 the Hoover Administration appropriated $707,500,000 for national defense and in 1932-33 provided $667,000,000. But this seemed a tremendous menace to the Democrats.

"In the platform of 1932, on which the President was elected, appeared a plank declaring for national defense but only on a careful survey of all the facts in order 'that the people in time of peace may not be burdened with an expenditure fast approaching $1-billion a year.'

"In other words, the expenditures of President Hoover, which never got beyond $707,000,000 in a year, seemed a menace to the Democrats and they pledged themselves to protect the people from the growing burden.

"Now, of course, a candidate runs on his party's platform without approving everything in it. But in this case Mr. Roosevelt, running for President, read this plank with approval—singled it out—in several of his national addresses during the campaign. I am informed by men who were then on the inside *that he wrote that plank and had it put into the platform*

"To make good on that pledge, one of his first acts was to cut defense appropriations to $479,000,000 in 1933-34 and $533,000,000 in 1935. Thus, 2 years after Hitler came to power, President Roosevelt himself, whom many consider a militarist, was holding defense expenditures below the Hoover level. Now the Democrats, who denounced *the Republicans for spending too much in national defense, are denouncing them for not spending enough.*"

Thus the political capital which New Dealers expect to make of their defense program will become a deficit in November if voters realize the third term orators are merely doing a job of Monday morning quarterbacking—and a poor one at that.

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Press and Pulpit

Opinion

Catholic Bishops on National Defense

THE BISHOPS of the Administrative Committee of the National Catholic Welfare Conference, through the general secretary, the Right Rev. Monsignor Michael J. Ready, have informed the Senate Committee on Military Affairs of their attitude toward national defense.

"Any program promoted by any group, be it militarist, isolationist or interventionist, should be subject to critical appraisal and cool, sound judgment," the statement said.

"The American way of life has developed certain definite democratic ideals.

"No emergency should be allowed to destroy the values that are of the very essence of liberty as we know it in America.

"Consequently, no plan for the national defense should do unnecessary violence to the religious and educational traditions upon which our democracy is founded and apart from which it will not continue to flourish."

' ' '

Wisconsin Priest Opposes Peacetime Draft

COMPULSORY military training, as proposed in the *Burke-Wadsworth bill* before Congress, was denounced by the Rev. Peter E. Dietz at the regular Sunday services of St. Monica's Catholic church in Whitefish Bay, Wisconsin.

"Conscription in peacetime would mean the beginning of the totalitarian principle of government in this country," said Father Deitz. "Once the Federal Government, through its bureaucrats, experiences this type of control over the young men of our country, it will find numerous reasons for continuing such control in other ways.

"There is no moral justification for this country getting into the European war. If we stay out and are well prepared we will be strong at the end of the war and will be in a position to dictate part of the peace terms. We must not supinely submit to the high pressure methods of the interventionists, propagandists and others who are trying to force conscription upon us now, and who apparently want us to assume the role of conquering belligerents.

"I beg the fathers, the mothers and the young men and women not to yield to this pressure. It is not true that it is inevitable that this country get into the war, and those who might be asked to give up their lives if we got into the war should be let in on the secret as to what they would be fighting for."

' ' '

Secretary Stimson Is in a Hurry

"SECRETARY STIMSON appears to assume that we are, for all practical purposes, already in a state of war, requiring the instant drafting of a large army of men to repel threatened invasion," observes the *Washington Post*. "Otherwise why insist that it would be dangerous to take time even to test the results of voluntary enlistment on a modified basis?

"His assumption that voluntary enlistment would be more demoralizing to industry than a selective draft system is also unconvincing, even though the views of the National Defense Commission are cited in support of this contention.

"The Army could reject volunteers believed to be more useful in civilian pursuits quite as readily as it could assign drafted men to nonmilitary duties . . .

"In asserting, moreover, that conscription is the only appropriate system for a democracy, Mr. Stimson is setting up a conception of the citizen's relation to the State which certainly does not reflect American democratic ideals. If the Nation were at war, resort to the draft would be accepted as unavoidable. But hasty abandonment of volunteer enlistment, *without even trying to test its adequacy*, seems to many a premature surrender of individual liberty — a confession of disbelief in the efficiency of those free institutions that are characteristically American."

' ' '

Better Pay Suggested for Enlisted Men

"CONGRESS is getting unfavorable responses from the country on selective conscription. There is a natural objection to the disruption and hardships that the draft would impose," says the *Kansas City Times*, whose editorial writer believes, however, that this "would largely disappear, if the nation were convinced that conscription is necessary at this time.

"It is not likely to be convinced," the *Times* adds, "until it has been shown that the men required cannot be obtained by enlistment.

"In the circumstances Congress and the War Department ought to consider the possibilities of making enlistment more attractive and hence more productive of men."

' ' '

Time Is Important. 'Plain Dealer' Warns

"THE IMMEDIATE danger which dogs the footsteps of the compulsory training bill is that the measure will be whittled down to ineffectiveness, or delayed in passage until a national crisis comes and finds us — as usual — unprepared," says the *Cleveland Plain Dealer*.

"The idea of compulsory training is either sound or it's unsound.

"If the former—as we believe—the issue should not be approached with apologies or trepidation, but with the courage of conviction. If the latter, the whole idea should be dropped forthwith . . .

"Time is too important a factor in national defense to permit needless delays in framing the program.

"An army 'on order' is no more effective than a fleet of planes in the blueprint stage."

' ' '

Where He Has Never Had Much Luck

—Cartoonist Ray in the Kansas City Star.

Communists Continue Fight on Conscription

AS LONG as Josef Stalin and the dictatorship of Soviet Russia is tied-up with Nazi Germany, the Communists' "Party line" in America will, of course, be "all aid to the axis short of war." If Stalin were to double-cross Hitler, the Party line of the un-free comrades in the Communist Party of the U.S.A. would turn about overnight. As, indeed, it did before.

Therefore, even if the Communists are temporarily right for a wrong reason, it may be instructive to have for the record the statement on how they stand over the current week-end.

"Rarely has a reactionary piece of legislation evoked such a widespread protest as has the *Burke-Wadsworth Conscription Bill*," says the *Daily Worker*.

"From all parts of the country, from all sections of the common people, the letters are pouring into Congress. The leaders of both major parties and practically the entire press are pushing conscription, but the people have a mind of their own and are speaking out.

"The war-mongering press is busy trying to explain away the fears of the people. But those fears will not be downed because they are based on a deep suspicion that the proposed draft is for war against the people at home and for imperialist greed abroad . . .

"The 'whittling down' process which the bill has undergone in committee, should deceive no one. Under pressure of the voters, the bill is being cut down into pieces, with the obvious intention of pushing forward some pieces now and holding back the rest until the people are off their guard — or completely gagged.

"Let the voice of the people continue to roar toward the nation's capitol — telling their Senators and Congressmen that they stand for the country's true defense but not for imperialist adventures and that therefore they do not want this infamous bill or any part of it."

' ' '

Communism in England

COMMUNIST penetration has gained a footing in many places throughout England, reports the *Universe* of London, which adds that Communist propaganda and technique is "in the hands of experts with long training."

"At one meeting in London last February," the *Universe* continues, "878 delegates were present, of whom 304 represented the Young Communist League. There were 109 from Trades Union branches, 20 from trades councils, 25 from co-operative guilds, and 26 from Leftist Book Club branches."

After citing one of the English Communist organizations which had gained more than 6,500 shareholders, the paper describes the increased sale of Communist publications and the Communist press service which supplies 180 daily papers and 300 weeklies.

London, too, it would seem, has nurtured a "fifth column."

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Letters

(SOCIAL JUSTICE aims to make this page a free forum and readers' opinions are invited. Naturally, the views expressed are not always those of this magazine. We cannot guarantee that contributions sent to SOCIAL JUSTICE can be returned to the writers. Letters not signed with the writer's name and address cannot be considered, although the name will not necessarily be used. We reserve the right to publish all letters received unless contrary instruction is specifically given.)

What Are We Waiting For?

TO THE EDITOR:

I hope you are not putting a label on me by your heading "Hungry Communist" over my last letter.

The Communists around me call me a "Fascist." The Socialists call me an "Anti-Semite," the German Nazi sympathizers call me just plain "nuts." And the British sympathizers call me a "revolutionist" which, after Washington, makes me an "American."

What are we doing?

Stalin and Hitler scouts report: "Debating." To which Stalin and Hitler comment: "Fine! This will be a cinch!"

The Bundists are waiting only for Hitler to get through with Britain. The Communists are waiting only for our Government's bankruptcy (just a few more parks and bear houses) and the stoppage of relief. Roosevelt is waiting only for word from Europe.

What are we waiting for? Our partitioning? Like that of Poland? Or dictatorship? Like that of Britain? Or a corkscrew revolution like that of Russia in 1917?

Beautifully-worded resolutions without power will make us ridiculous losers. We need one plan and base of operation, and names in big business, labor, politics, and, now more than ever, religion, but *now!*

New York City —J.H.

Ghosts of Empire Policy

TO THE EDITOR:

A British correspondent of a New York newspaper referred in a dispatch from London to the sounds of the German airplanes at night over England as resembling the crying of "leprechauns." Of course, what he meant to say was "banshees."

But what the English really hear is the wailing of the ghosts of the many thousands of poor Boer farmers, murdered in South Africa by the British Empire in order that Cecil Rhodes could get a firmer grip on the diamond mines and gold reefs of the Transvaal

And the ghosts of the Boer women and children whose homes were burned by British soldiers, so that they were forced into concentration camps where they were fed on boiled "medied" (kaffie corn) and died by thousands from dysentery and malnutrition.

This was only forty years ago, and the iniquitous policy of home-burning was defended by Winston Churchill, then a war-correspondent in South Africa.

And now, as Prime Minister Churchill, he has the ineffable gall to tell the House of Commons that Britain is fighting the battle of Christian civilization!

New York City —W.G.

Pleads for Broadcast

TO THE EDITOR:

Please urge Father Coughlin to hurry back on the air; as soon as he possibly can. How we are all longing to hear his inspiring voice once again. For the sake of justice and to save this nation, he must lift his voice.

Stop this war hysteria, and don't let this beautiful country of ours go to rack and ruin.

Is my 22 year old son, along with my two prospective sons-in-law and a million other dear boys doomed to spend a year, perhaps two or three years in a military camp?

Where shall they find jobs when they return, or are they doomed to be cannon fodder to save the heartless unscrupulous internationalists?

The mothers of this nation shall be indebted to Father Coughlin for life for keeping us out of the World Court and League of Nations.

"Father Coughlin" has been a household word for the past ten years, not alone in Catholic homes for he has just as many Protestant friends and admirers.

Father Coughlin can do more with the American people than he can ever imagine, so please put all of us on the right track and hold us there.

Chicago, Ill. —S.A.E.

Who's Drilling Now?

TO THE EDITOR:

Mr. Hefter, said to be a veteran of the Austrian, Hungarian, and Czecho-Slovakian armies, and the French Foreign Legion, a naturalized American citizen with headquarters at No. 112 West 46th Street, New York City, is reported as militarily occupied in the work of drilling 800 "tough Jews" for an American Colonization Regiment intended for service in Alaska.

Mr. Hefter says he has the approval of the War and Interior Departments. But, the creation of such organization, whether in peace or war time, smacks much like the formation of a foreign army within the United States in violation of law.

Not long ago a corporal's guard of sport club boys, alleged to be members of the Christian Front, were accused of precipitating a "phantom revolution," jailed in irons and charged with sedition against the Government of the United States for less than that.

New York, N. Y. —T.H.

Recognizing the West

TO THE EDITOR:

There is a striking kind of irony in connection with the Democratic convention's choice of candidates to *blitzkrieg* the age-old third-term tradition.

Only a while back the Chief Executive, speaking of the then McNutt candidacy, referred to the middlewest as the "sticks" (*Time* and *Life*, July 24, 1939).

To all appearances political expediency dictated the unpalatable choice of Secretary Wallace — hailing from the so-called "sticks" — in order to match the agricultural flavor of the Republican ticket.

There are Wall Streeters who own to a like cynical concept of the American hinterland. Giving more support to that absurdity is also a remnant of vocal economic Tories on the Atlantic seaboard whose vision continues to be restricted by old Colonial horizons — that the Alleghanies still mark the Western limit of American civilization and culture.

But as matters recently eventuated some pride-swallowing was obviously necessary to insure a "drafted" ticket that would meet on more equal terms the unexpected quality of the Republican competition in the forthcoming campaign.

Minneapolis, Minn. —F.J.H.

Stand on Conscription

TO THE EDITOR:

We admire your stand on the present "conscription bill" and extend to you our best wishes, and assure you of our continued support.

May we inform you that we disapprove of universal conscription in peace time as unnecessary, and would be a step towards dictatorship. At the same time we approve of a universal draft in time of war.

We urge at this time that all those interested in the defeat of this step to write to their Senators and Congressmen.

Christian American Union,
Fred W. Kaempf, President
Brooklyn, N. Y.

Gentleman Jack Garner

TO THE EDITOR:

During the recent Democratic convention, where the robots of the Great White Father were being put through their paces, a great and real American, John N. Garner, was being shelved for the less experienced, and more radical, Henry Wallace.

Contrary to superficial opinion, Garner had been a faithful lieutenant to the President, going along with him on legislation that the great Texan personally resented and even despised. He never came out in the open to oppose New Deal measures, because he was a loyal party man — he was a real Democrat and believed in unity, not dissention.

For this loyalty to the cause, the New Deal rewarded him by ordering him to the showers, because the Texas delegation had dared to declare for him for President.

For such a crime against the only man who is wise enough to run the nation, orders were sent down the line to deny him the renomination for the office he now holds.

He was not even given a chance to say he wouldn't accept it, for he was opposed to a third term for any man.

The New Deal should be informed that those Texans, and the boys from nearby Oklahoma, are proud and fighting Americans, and we believe that Cactus Jack can give the word that will remove these two states from the Democratic column.

It is pretty hard, though, to picture Jack Garner in any retaliatory program — we believe he will just get out the "tackle" while they are still biting.

—R.D.

Brooklyn, N. Y.

Christian Front Trial Cost Him His Job

TO THE EDITOR OF SOCIAL JUSTICE:

I would like to place before your readers a few facts relative to the outcome of the recently concluded "Christian Front" trial.

I, Andrew Buckley, at the time of the arrest had been employed by Lord & Taylor (department store), 424 Fifth Avenue, New York City, for a period of twelve years.

The store is one of a group controlled by the Associated Dry Goods . . .

On my release on bail in February last I went to see about my job and was assured at that time by the Treasurer, Mr. Van B. Sams, that everything was all right and that when the trial was over I could return to work. His words to me then were:

"A situation is arriving in this country today that unless all Americans get together and do something about it; well, there won't be any country left."

I wonder what made him change his mind since, because when I went back to see him on July 2nd, I was told I could not return because my presence would "hurt the store," regardless of the fact that my position in the store never brought me in contact with the buying public.

My record in the store for the past twelve years can stand up well anywhere, except for one "blotch," if such it can be called. In January of 1939, I had the "brazen effrontery" to organize my fellow employes into a unit of the American Federation of Labor.

For that action I was "demoted" and sent washing walls, until the A. F. of L. officials got working and forced the store to reinstate me in my old job.

But this time the same union officials either cannot or will not do anything to get me back on the job again.

In conclusion, I would like to take this opportunity to thank Rev. Father Chas. E. Coughlin for his stand by us, SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine, the *Tablet*, and the various "Social Justice" Clubs who rendered material as well as spiritual assistance.

Yours for Christ and Country,

—Andrew Buckley

Bronx, New York.

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Letters

The Totalitarian States of America?

TO THE EDITOR:

The day the Congress of the United States signs the *Burke-Wadsworth conscription bill* the Republic ends 164 years of freedom and independence, and forthwith becomes a totalitarian dictatorship.

The cunning and underhanded scheming of the Roosevelt-directed regime has finally blossomed into a gigantic mass-militarism movement. Slowly and quietly, the Administration has been developing its final ace-card, so that it might be sprung on the American public at the crucial moment — just before a history-making election.

Fashioned after the European pattern, the yoke of tyranny is about to be clamped on the shoulders of a once free people.

The suddenness with which this latest masterpiece of trickery has descended upon the American public has assured its success in the minds of the New Deal politicians.

The very fact that so few Americans really understand the true import of this latest political move is the principal reason for its steam-roller success thus far. A period of sober thought is necessary to even begin to visualize an America under the iron fist of martial rule.

For instance, how many of us have stopped to realize that under the conscription plan which calls for the enforced registration of all men between the ages of 18 and 64, the Administration is aping the actions of all three of the European gangster-governments which it so vociferously pretends to abhor?

When we read through a partial list of the questions every man will be forced to answer, we begin to realize more clearly the political ramifications of this Administration brainchild.

Each salary-earning citizen will be catalogued and cross-indexed, so that the New Deal won't have to depend upon a citizen's sense of civic duty when it comes to collecting the staggering tax necessary to support millions of men under arms — a tax estimated by army officials at over $1,100,000,000 the first year.

Do you own your own house? If you do, and if it is mortgaged to the F.H.A., it is quite possible that the New Deal-Army authorities will think twice before conscripting you for a year's training at $21 a month. The F.H.A. has thousands of homes now on its hands which it can't get rid of, and F.H.A. authorities have no desire to be instrumental in any more foreclosures if they can help it.

What is your weekly income? This information will be highly valuable to the Administration, since it will afford the means of estimating just how much more in taxes it can extort.

In what calling is your wife skilled, and has she ever been employed? If your wife was self-supporting when you married her (even though that might have been twenty years ago) you can't rightfully claim that she is a dependent, you know. If she has ever worked, she can do it again — while you are in camp at $21 a month.

Most significant, however, is the question concerning political offices. If you are young and unmarried and an anti-New Dealer, you will be far better off in some distant training camp, where you can't use your influence against the New Deal when election comes around.

Conversely, if you have been a good Democrat, you will no doubt find yourself in the deferred category — at least until after November.

Just how much longer are the American people going to tolerate the New Deal? The people have a momentous decision to make, and time is short — very short. The picture just painted is no fantasy from a Wells novel. It is *certainty* — unless Americans rise to free themselves from impending dictatorship.

The *Burke-Wadsworth bill* will go before Congress any day now.

PROTEST TO WASHINGTON AGAINST TOTALITARIAN CONSCRIPTION!

—Kevin McGee

Astoria, Long Island

Why Imitate Europe?

TO THE EDITOR:

Please exert all your best efforts against compulsory military training. It would be a downfall of democracy to have compulsory military training in this country.

Young men employed should not have to stop their work and have interference in their life aims by force.

Students studying for culture which is western civilization, should not have the opportunity for civilization denied them.

Where is the difference between Europe and America if our Government resorts to force?

And would we have a Christian civilization if we had forceful service?

How easy to have an unjust war when once compulsory training for military purposes is introduced!

The forces of hate and destruction wait on this tragedy. May the Divine Will save us from this.

—K.C.H.

Huntington, W. Va.

France Free Again

TO THE EDITOR:

While reading the letter section of this week's issue of SOCIAL JUSTICE, I also came across the article written by Rev. Joseph Deisz, and was much pleased with what he had to say about France's defeat being a victory, because it showed me he has about the same idea as I have in the matter.

Because this once good Catholic country is now freed again of its oppressors, Satan's Fifth Columnists, the Jewish Sanhedrin, the Grand Orient and the International Money Changers *clique*, the high financiers, under whose thumb the people of France have been for many years.

As an Alsatian I must confess I did regret it very much when after the World War, my home country, Alsace, came under French rule again because I feared very much for the faith of my countrymen who would have to share the same fate as the French people under an atheistic government. Yet here in the United States we Christians are not much better off until we rid ourselves of a certain element that rules or controls not only our otherwise well-constituted government, but the press and radio as well, so the people of America are actually ruled by this class, as has been the case in Europe for a long time.

Hawthorne, N. J. **—Observer**

At the Water Hole

—Cartoonist Orr in the Chicago Tribune

For Liberty!

TO THE EDITOR:

We need Father Coughlin back on the air. Unless he is back fighting for us who love our freedom, we will lose it.

Wendell Willkie may be no better, but it is impossible for him to be worse than those who have been in office up to now.

Unless we have a new man for President we will have a dictator.

—Wisconsin Friend

Somerset, Wis.

Jobs Best Discipline

TO THE EDITOR:

If young men are drafted for this crazy military bill, what is to happen to their jobs? Even those who got this bill before the Senate Military Affairs Committee haven't any plan for taking care of the young men when they are pushed into a barracks for a year. What is the employer going to do? Hire two men? One for every other year? Who is going to pay for insurance dues, pay for autos and clothing? The Government? At $5 a week?

I'm sure the youth of this country will learn some new habits in training camp, and they won't all be good ones. Discipline for youth! That's a laugh! Give any normal fellow a good job and you don't have to worry about discipline.

If we need a larger army, what in heaven's name is wrong with putting the R.O.T.C. training in all high schools and colleges? This would not interfere with the economic, social and religious aspects of our country. Let the Government pay the tuition for all those who wish to take a military course in school, it wouldn't have to be compulsory. Have an aviation course in every college and in a year you'd have enough pilots to carry the airplanes.

If this bill goes through, then we can kiss good-by to the last remnant of democracy in this country. Why don't you have the readers of your paper send in their protests to Congress?

Under this bill, as originally drafted by its planners, we might as well be in Germany, Russia or Italy.

At least over there they are not deceiving the people into thinking they are living in a "democracy."

St. Paul, Minn. **—B.T.O.**

To Avoid Injustice

TO THE EDITOR:

I have seen persons pitifully trying to explain that one of their race and creed cannot be a Communist.

I think it would be better policy for SOCIAL JUSTICE to always say together: "Hitler, the disgrace to the German race," "the internationalists who have disgraced the Jewish race," "Communist Hillman, the betrayer of the Jewish religion," or something similar.

It's hard, but so is the feeding of ninety-nine unworthy men so as not to turn away one hungry.

New York City. **—J.H.**

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Comment

(Continued from Page 13)

The main achievement of Wilson's 'New Freedom' was the establishment of the Federal Reserve Banks, which solidified the international bankers' control of United States finances.

In still more ways than this Wilson's 'New Freedom' resembled Roosevelt's New Deal. Under the pretense of helping the laboring classes, it fostered the idea of class war and promoted bureaucracy by misty-eyed liberals.

Speakers at the St. Louis convention denounced Chief Justice Hughes, who had just been nominated at the Republican convention, as a tool of the rich.

Since the words "fifth column" had not yet been invented, the 1916 convention speakers launched mighty denunciations of "hyphenates"—the term used at that time to signify to all those who did not worship the pound sterling of the British Empire.

In 1916, William Jennings Bryan, who had previously resigned his position as Secretary of State in protest against Wilson's flagrant breaches of neutrality, nonetheless supported Wilson's renomination at the convention.

In 1940, former Secretary of War Woodring, who had just resigned in protest against Roosevelt's meddling in Europe, nonetheless supported Roosevelt's renomination at the convention.

In 1916, a former high Republican bigwig, Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, was denouncing Republican isolationism from his estate on Long Island's North Shore while the Democratic convention was in progress.

In 1940, a former Republican bigwig, Colonel Henry Stimson, had been rewarded with a post in the New Deal Cabinet for his war appeals from his estate on Long Island's North Shore.

Sharing the news of the Democratic convention in American newspapers in June, 1916, were stories of trouble in Mexico and war dispatches from Europe.

There are other parallels, too numerous to mention, but the main fact remains that the Chicago meeting appeared to be the ghost of the 1916 Democratic National Convention come home to roost.

Will history repeat itself further?

Will Franklin D Roosevelt be re-elected and take America into another world war in face of his and his party's pledges to the contrary?

Will history books written ten years hence show that Roosevelt had already planned to throw his country into war before the 1940 convention, just as Wilson had worked out his intervention scheme before the 1916 convention?

The only difference between Roosevelt and Wilson so far seems to be that the former's war schedule is working at a quicker tempo.

CONTESTANTS in our recently concluded *"MEN AND MONEY" Contest* are advised that computation for winners is proceeding as rapidly as a large staff of clerks can inspect and re-check the many thousands of coupons.

Since there must be accuracy to the "nth" degree in this form of competition, great care is exercised at all times.

It is expected the names of winners and the decision of judges as to the best or most appropriate answers to the 50 contest questions can be made public within three weeks.

Climax of Summer Tours to Shrine

A RESERVATIONS coupon for the convenience of individuals and groups desiring to join one of the official tours to the Shrine of the Little Flower at Royal Oak, Michigan, will be found elsewhere on this page. We suggest that you send it immediately to the sponsor of the tour that you wish to join.

The following tour data is published for the information and convenience of readers of SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine:

Saturday, Sunday, August 17 and 18 — 2nd Annual Pilgrimage to the Shrine of the Little Flower sponsored by the Social Justice Club of Rochester (in two sections).

First Section

Leave Rochester N.Y.C.R.R. Sat., Aug. 17, 4:02 P.M., Daylight Saving Time.

Arrive Detroit, Sat., Aug. 17, 9:35 P.M., Eastern Standard Time.

Stop at Wolverine Hotel in Detroit, Saturday night

Second Section

Leave Rochester N.Y.C.R.R., Sunday, Aug. 18, 2:19 A.M., Daylight Saving Time.

Arrive Detroit, Sunday, Aug. 18, 7:20 A.M., Eastern Standard Time.

No hotel accommodations are necessary on second section.

Return to Rochester

Both sections will return on same schedule.

Leave Detroit, Sunday, Aug. 18, 4:53 P.M., Eastern Standard Time.

Arrive Rochester, Sunday, Aug. 18, 12:00 Midnight, Daylight Time.

First Section (Saturday afternoon)—Round trip railroad fare, $7.00; Hotel, $1.00; Bus transportation, $1.00; total $9.00.

Second Section (Sunday morning) — Round trip railroad fare, $7.00; Bus transportation, $0.75; total, $7.75

Deadline for Reservations

Tuesday, August 13th

For further information write or call:

Urban G. Kress, 63 Willite Drive, Stone 4384-J; or

Rudolph C. Schwenzer, 29 Holbrooke St., Stone 3516-J.

Sunday, August 18 — Cincinnati, Ohio.

Contact Mr. Fred Geier, 2535 Dennis St., Cincinnati, Ohio (AV. 2834), or Miss Clara Kelly, Baltimore and Ohio R.R. Office, Dixie Terminal Bldg., Cincinnati.

August 30, 31 and September 1, 2 — New York.

A personally conducted tour from Brooklyn, New York, and vicinity to the Shrine of the Little Flower at Royal Oak, Michigan, Buffalo, N. Y., Niagara Falls and Our Lady of Victory Shrine at Lackawanna, N. Y

Cost includes railroad fare and pullman (lower berth), on going trip, steamer fare, stateroom on steamer for two nights (all outside rooms), all meals, sightseeing trips to Niagara Falls, motor trip to Father Baker's Shrine at Lackawanna, motor trip to Detroit and Shrine of the Little Flower, Royal Oak, Mich.; $42 includes all expenses.

For further information and reservations, contact Mrs. Sadie D. Hynes, 4901 6th Ave., Brooklyn, New York.

Third Annual Rail and Lake Cruise from Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. Leaving Pittsburgh at 6 P. M. (Daylight Time) via the Pennsylvania Railroad, Saturday, August 31, thence D. & C. Steamer Cleveland to Detroit and bus to the Shrine. Returning to Pittsburgh at noon on Labor Day, or any time within 10 days. The tour is operated on an all expense basis and may be enjoyed for as low as $13 for the complete round trip. Contact J. E. O'Connor (CArrick 1167-M); A. J. Staud (HEmlock 5366); L. P. Welte (WAlnut 4001); Mrs. Lou Scott (EVerglade 5366). Reservations absolutely limited.

From Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware. Under auspices of the Pilgrims Club thousands will leave for Royal Oak on a Rail-Water Pilgrimage, vie. B.&O.R.R. and D. & C. Steamer. Special train leaves 24th and Chestnut Sts., Philadelphia, Saturday, August 31, 10:00 A.M. Spend the entire day and evening at the Shrine. Busses will leave the Shrine at 10:00 P.M., giving all a chance to attend the evening services as well as assisting at the Mass Father Coughlin will celebrate on Sunday morning in honor of the Pilgrimages for the day. Round trip fare (transportation only), $14.00; (Children, 5 to 12 $8.00), from Philadelphia.

Information may be obtained from the following officers: James A. Furey, Jr., Chairman, 2800 Grays Ferry Rd. (Ful. 3811); Michael Gibbons, Vice Chairman, 4307 Westminster Ave. (Gre. 2763); William Hodgson, Treasurer, 3129 No Patton St.; Margaret O'Hagan, Secretary, 2018 Bellevue St. (Sag 2192); or the B.&O.R.R., Broad and Walnut Sts. (Pen. 1900, Rit. 4500).

The tour from New York, Brooklyn, Long Island, New Jersey and the New England States, being sponsored by Mr. Bryan B. O'Rourke affords an opportunity for all devotees of St. Therese to combine their pilgrimage with a delightful week-end vacation, including a visit to Niagara Falls, and a restful ride across beautiful Lake Erie. You will pass some of the finest scenery east of the Rockies on this trip.

Fare $23.25, includes taxi transfers between train and steamer pier at Buffalo, motor coach trip to Niagara Falls, meals at Buffalo and Niagara Falls, stateroom accommodations on steamer, and motor coach trip between the steamer pier at Detroit and the Shrine of the Little Flower.

For reservations on this pilgrimage apply to Bryan B. O'Rourke, 1807 Westchester Ave., Bronx, New York (Westchester 7-1731, 7-1371); or Erie R.R. Company, 12 W. 51st St., New York City (Circle 5-7222, 5-7225) Rockefeller Center

For those in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania apply to Mr. James E. O'Connor, 154 Odette St., Overbrook, Pittsburgh, Pa.

From Newark and Jersey City, and those living in Essex Union, Hudson and Passaic Counties, New Jersey, apply to Mr. John C. Corbley, 38 Columbia Avenue, Newark, N. J. (Essex 2-0314)

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania — Mr. James A. Furey, Jr., 2800 Grays Ferry Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa. (Ful. 3811)

Hurry! Reservations Limited! Mail Coupon Today

Send this coupon to the sponsor of the tour you wish to join. His name and address may be found in the above article.

Please make ____ reservations
Number
for the trip to the Shrine.

Name _____

Address _____

Tel. No. _____

City _____ *State* _____

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'The Christian Front'

Its Justification and Need

By Rev. Edward F. Brophy

This new, 56-page booklet, giving the complete story of the Christian Front Movement, and its objectives, is now available.

The contents of this little volume should prove of special interest to the readers of this National Magazine.

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Pastor of the Precious Blood Church, Long Island City, New York

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A frank, fair, and factual refutation of the stock slanders brought against the Radio Priest.

This book, is, specifically, an answer to one issued by the General Jewish Council and widely distributed, and to accusations made by the so-called Jewish People's Committee.

A limited supply of this fully documented first edition of 'An Answer to Father Coughlin's Critics' is still available.

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NATIONAL WEEKLY

Social Justice

Founded 1936 by Father Coughlin

Let's Have National Defense

NO AMERICAN should be opposed to a sound national defense program.

Every American should support it.

A defense program is not an offense program.

A defense program includes the manufacture of such naval units as will be capable of defending both the Atlantic and Pacific seaboards against a possible invasion.

It includes the thorough training of men to operate these units.

It includes the manufacture of various types of airplanes so that, if and when an emergency arises, there will be useable at least 50,000 aircraft than which there are no better in the entire world.

It includes the thorough training of at least 150,000 pilots to man this air armada.

It includes the construction of at least 300 modernized airports of which, at least, 100 should be subterranean, fully protected against assault from above.

It includes the training of at least 300,000 mechanics and officers to man these airports.

It includes the construction, preferably by private industry, of 50 huge factories located at strategic points throughout the nation.

It includes the training and equipping of 1-million soldiers.

* * *

The above items are obvious to all who speak of national defense and who recognize the need for having it.

Please God – it will not be necessary to use it.

Please the devil, this need may arise now that the United States of America, through its officials, has so thoroughly isolated itself from Asia and Europe.

The business of establishing a national defense is not the business of a politician.

Politicians know little about tools, factories, motors and all things incidental to the establishment of a national defense.

Politicians deal with promises.

Politicians build a national defense "on order."

British politicians failed to erect a national defense. As a result, the English people find themselves at the tender mercies of Nazi air pilots.

French politicians were no better and, as a result, French blood was spilled in vain.

For seven years American politicians tried to fight Hitler with gold bullets and innocuous words.

These same politicians, anxious to perpetuate political partyism, are about to ask the American people to re-elect them to office.

Should this eventuate, America will find herself, seven years hence, as far behind Europe and Asia as she is today.

* * *

National defense includes the ideal of defending ourselves against ourselves – against our inefficient politicians; against our war-mongering politicians; against breeders of class hatred and religious hatred.

What America needs is an executive who is renowned for his ability to operate factories and allocate productive jobs.

We have had an executive reputed to be the best equipped foreign expert in our land.

Despite his equipment he was a failure.

We need an executive who is the best equipped production expert in our land.

Certainly, we need national defense – defense against a possible foreign enemy and defense against the inefficient domestic politicians who were and are responsible for the sad plight in which America finds itself.

Announcing Big New 'Victory Contest'
A New Kind of SOCIAL JUSTICE Competition

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